

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXIV

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY FEBRUARY 2, 1911.

NO. 22

## NEW DEPOT TALKED OF ONCE MORE

Assistant Superintendent of  
Soo Line Meets Members  
of the Town Board

### PROPOSE TO MOVE SITE

An Offer of a Free Site for New Location  
for Building is Rejected on Account  
of Expense of Filling.

As will be remembered some little time ago our village board passed an ordinance requiring the Soo Line management to station a flagman at the depot crossing here, and since that time there has been much haggling over the question, the management expressing themselves as more willing to erect a new depot than to stand the expense of maintaining a flagman at this point. But while a new depot is among the things most desired by the town it seems to be a most difficult thing for the town and the road officials to come to an agreement that will be perfectly satisfactory to both sides.

The present location seems to meet the approval of the citizens, with the exception of one thing and that is the bad crossing, but many contend that this could be overcome by raising the track and making the roadway beneath, this, however does not meet with the favor of the management which some time ago expressed a willingness to erect a new depot on condition that the consent of the villagers could be gained to having it placed a considerable distance either north or south of its present location, in order, they stated to avoid the starting of the trains on an up grade. But as the board and property owners could not see the advisability of the move that idea was given up. It was next proposed that the building be erected just opposite the present location on the west side of the tracks, and J. J. Morley offered to donate the land if that site were chosen, but this was turned down by the company on account of the expense that would be involved in the filling.

Mr. Urban, assistant superintendent of the line met with the village board again on Wednesday of this week, and this time their plan is as follows: To place the proposed new depot just north of Depot street on the west side of the main track between it and the switch track, having the main depot to be located about where Tiffany and Felter's coal shed now stands; to have a platform running from the depot south to the north side of Depot street and also extending north, about to the stock yards. The proposed depot to have two large waiting rooms and a large freight depot in connection, so that freight may be loaded to or from the cars from the depot platform, thus doing away with the cars standing on the switch track, and the switch would then be used for the Goodrich Lumber Company only. The company propose to fill in around the depot and also to exchange land with the Goodrich Lumber Company in order that a large yard may be had for the accommodation of the busses, etc. The board have not as yet accepted this proposition, but a meeting for the purpose of discussing the question will be held in the Woodman hall club room Friday evening February 3, at 7:30 o'clock, to which all business men and citizens are invited to be present.

## TELEPHONE COMPANY IS REORGANIZED

On Saturday of last week, January 28 a meeting of the subscribers of the old Farmers' Telephone Company and others was held in this village with the following result, that the old company was reorganized and a stock company formed with a capitalization of \$2,500, over half of which is already subscribed.

The new company has taken over the management of the Lake Villa, Grass Lake, Hickory and Pikeville lines, with the central office located at Antioch. The following officers were elected, President, E. B. Williams; Directors, C. F. Richards, Frank Hucker, Harold Minto, Wallace Drom and Wm. Hucker.

## TO SLAUGHTER CATTLE

In Chicago Friday in Tuberculin Test—Sixteen out of Nineteen React.

The Shurtleff supervisors' committee on the tuberculin test consisting of three members from each of the eight counties will slaughter a herd of nineteen cattle, all of which have been tested, sixteen reacting, in Chicago, at Fortieth and Butler streets, three blocks northeast of Union stock yards, Friday at 9 a. m., and everyone interested, laymen, dairymen, or otherwise is invited to attend.

Ralph Crittenden and Messrs. Small and Paddock are the committee appointed by the supervisors of this county, Mr. Crittenden, supervisor, being chairman.

Both sides in the tuberculin test battle will be present, the state veterinarian and his aides being also present.

A farmer who had a herd of 19 cows had contracted with a dealer to sell him all the milk from tested cows at an advance of 10 per cent on the usual price. When it came to the test of the herd, 16 of the 19 cows were declared by the experts to be diseased, while three of them were declared to be immune. The farmers' committee has purchased the whole herd and all of the animals will be slaughtered Friday morning. The farmer who sold the cows will be present and will identify the animals and submit the certificates of the expert examination to show that there has been no collusion or fraud in any respect. After slaughtering, the organs of the animals will be submitted to a rigid post mortem examination by competent veterinary surgeons and the results of their examination will be made public at a mass meeting of farmers.

## ARE TO FILL ONLY A FEW OFFICES

Township elections in Lake and other Illinois counties will be less important affairs this year than ever before. It is on account of the fact that three of the chief offices will not be filled at the coming April election, since their present occupants will hold over until next year. Those hold-over offices are the town clerk, the assessor and collector in every town in every county in Illinois outside of Cook and the fifteen counties in the state that are not operating under the township election law.

Heretofore the crucial fight in most township elections has been for the office of collector, which will be eliminated for the reason above stated. The same is also true of town clerk and assessor, which are hold-over offices until the spring of 1912.

The reason that the annual election of town clerk, assessor and collector is passed is the change in the law governing these offices made by the general assembly two years ago, and which became effective last July. This change created a two years' term for the three officers mentioned instead of a one year term as had previously existed. The effect of the change will be watched with interest, as it was made with the supposed result that the efficiency of these offices would be increased if continued for two years instead of being changed every year.

## MILLER NOW PROMOTING A BIG LAND DEAL

Friends of former Supervisor Shorty Miller of Libertyville will be interested in hearing that he is now one of the promoters in a big Montana land deal in which he is interesting Lake county people.

It is stated that he and another man made a purchase in Montana of some 11,800 acres of land at about \$5 or \$6 an acre and they have formed a company for the sale of the entire tract of land.

It is said that they have already had subscribed in Lake county some \$35,000, the land bringing upwards of \$12 an acre to those who have become customers in this county. In short, it is said that the promoters have already sold enough of the land to pay for the whole tract and that they have a large portion of it still on the market.

Supervisors will be interested in the project because it will cause them to sit up and conclude that, with Shorty making so good on the land deal, the \$272 county item in which they are all interested, may be adjusted more quickly than if he had not entered the new scheme.

Valuable Scientific Achievement.  
English scientists have perfected a process for extracting radium from pitch-blende by means of which more radium can be produced in two months than in one year by the Austrian method.

## STATE LAW FAILS TO RELEASE

Bondsmen Held Indefinitely  
According to the Decatur  
Herald's Views

### AGITATE NEW STATE LAW

One That Will Provide for a Regular  
Four Year Audit of County Books  
Thought Necessary

People are very much interested just now in the audit of the county books which was recently ordered by the board of supervisors of Macon county, says the Decatur Herald. The investigation of the records will go back at least 12 years and may cover a still longer term. The audit of the county and city books in various parts of the state has started the agitation for a state law which will not only provide for an audit every four years, but will also fix a time limit to the responsibility of bondsmen. Such a law would provide a means for the discharge of bondsmen after the completion and approval of an audit. As it is now a public official may retire from office, subsequently die and his estate be administered upon and closed before a shortage is discovered. In such a case the bondsmen are still liable, as there is no limit to the liability of bondsmen and they can be called upon for the payment of shortages dating back to 1870, the time of the adoption of the present state constitution. It does not even discharge a bondsman to have the books audited by an expert accountant for later another audit might take place and if anything was found, overlooked in the first audit, the same could be charged up to the bondsmen. This is on the theory the statute of limitation does not apply to the state or any part of it. An individual must file suit to recover within 10 years or else any claim he may have on a bond, but it is not so with the state, county or city. Unless some law is enacted it will be more difficult each year for officials to secure bondsmen.

Public officials generally are in favor of an audit of their books at the time they go out of office, for they realize that if any errors have been made and any shortage exists, it will be easier for them to clear the matter up then than at any later time. The inquiry has often been made if there is any way in which officials have any claim which may be against them, settled positively when they retire from office. One of the auditors who is in Decatur in connection with the work there was asked how this might be accomplished and is quoted by the Decatur Review as giving the following opinion:

"I know of only one way in which you get relief for yourself and your bondsmen, and it may not be to your taste. At the close of your term of office make final report of your accounts to the board of supervisors, which report may show, say, that you owe \$1,000. The next step will be for you to turn over \$900 and refuse to turn over the other \$100. Then possibly the board may order suit brought against you to recover that \$100, but while they are at it it will be their duty to recover every penny that you owe. They may have to go over your accounts to learn if there is anything more coming from you. At any rate, if they content themselves with a judgment for \$100 they will be concluded by it; they can't come along a year or ten or twenty years later and maintain a suit against you or any of your bondsmen. It is the only way I know in this state in which an official can protect himself and his bondsmen. There should be a better way, of course."

Hint to Will Makers.  
Mrs. Cyrus Brouse of Northumberland, Dauphin county, divided a plot of ground 240 feet square among her four sons. The plot was divided into four equal parts and the location of each designated on slips of paper to which strings were attached. The sons are Reuben and Frank of Northumberland and Thomas and Earl of Sunbury, and each drew a slip designating his share. All are satisfied, and two contemplate building on their properties at once.

## LAKE VILLA FARMERS ORGANIZE

Will Build Milk Bottling Plant  
Which They Expect to be  
in Operation May 1

### ALL STOCK IS SUBSCRIBED

Building Operations will be Commenced  
at Once and Rushed to Completion  
as Fast as Possible

Sixty-seven milk producers living in the vicinity of Lake Villa have formed a stock company and will incorporate under the name of the Lake Villa Co-operative Association. They incorporate with a capitalization of \$5,000 the entire amount of which has already been subscribed. The purpose is to conduct a milk pasteurizing plant.

Each of the sixty-seven men subscribes for as many shares of stock as he wishes. Then after the plant is built it will be used by all the stock holders. The producers will haul milk to the plant where it will be purchased by the company at the prevailing price. It will then be pasteurized and bottled and shipped to the Chicago market in car load lots.

The corporation will hire men to run the plant and at the end of the year the profits will be divided among the stock holders in dividends according to the amount subscribed.

This plan of co-operation it is believed by the producers will work out for their mutual benefit. They figure that by incorporating they will be better able to protect their interests. Now that the plan of co-operation has been started and will soon be effective in two parts of the county, it is believed that the idea will spread and producers in various parts of the county will combine in the same manner.

The Association has already received the right from Springfield to open their books and are expecting their incorporation papers any day.

## TAX FIGURES LOOM UP THIS YEAR

The following are the official tax figures for the year as given out in detail:

Total assessed valuation of the county for 1910	\$19,088,038.00
1909 valuation	18,835,935.00
Total taxes 1910	811,034.07
Total taxes 1909	839,985.63

The most important items of the taxes are:

State tax	\$ 57,282.20
County tax	80,868.44
City and village taxes	119,666.39
School taxes	353,104.33
Road and bridge tax	77,254.80

The amount of tax for 1910 paid by the railroads in Lake county is \$105,702.72.

The amount of tax for 1910 paid by the telephone and telegraph companies is \$6,915.23.

The rate of taxation for the city of Waukegan for 1910 is \$0.01 on each \$100 assessed valuation; for 1909 it was \$6.55.

The total tax to be collected in the following places is:

In Waukegan	\$223,148.73
In Shields	165,362.86
In Deerfield	146,633.11

For city purposes the following tax will be raised:

City of Waukegan	\$60,310.30
City of Lake Forest	50,126.68
City of Highland Park	28,926.67

## MCCULLOUGH- HAWTHORN WEDDING

On Tuesday of last week, in Chicago occurred the marriage of Mrs. Fannie McCullough of Grass Lake and Mr. Daniel Hawthorn.

Mrs. Hawthorn has lived here for some time has many friends in this vicinity who extend to her best wishes for a life of happiness.

Mr. Hawthorn, who is stranger here has been in the employ of the Standard Oil company for a number of years and for a long time was stationed at Toledo, Ohio, and it was at that place that he first became acquainted with his bride. For the past three years he has been in California, returning from there about a week ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawthorn will make their future home here.

## MRS. DOWIE IS IN WANT

Voliva Declares that he will at Once Dig  
into His Private Purse for Her

That Mrs. Alexander Dowie, formerly the first lady of Zion, still has friends left in Zion, even among the leaders of the factions her husband opposed, is evidenced by the fact that now she is in need and ill unto death at her home in Ben MacDuh, Mich., there are words of sympathy to be heard in the city of her former power.

It has developed recently that the people of Zion are in ignorance of the real state of her health. Overseer Bryant, the leader of a flock of faithful followers in Zion, had heard nothing of the case, supposing that Mrs. Dowie was still enjoying her life at her home in Michigan. When he was informed as to the true state of affairs he was strong in his expression of sympathy for her.

"I will follow the true teachings of Zion," said Elder Bryant, "and will make sure that if there is anything that I can do for her, I will be only too glad to do it. It has always been my plan to help those in trouble all that I can and I would make no exception in her case, even though she fought us in the courts of the land."

General Overseer Voliva, strong in his newly acquired power of control of affairs in Zion, protested his sincere sympathy with Mrs. Dowie. He said he was willing to extend to her all the help that he could, and would make sure that she never suffered for want of food, shelter or raiment.

"I try to make sure that no one, either in Zion or out of it, ever suffers for the wants of life. I never make any appeal to my people for money for this purpose, but it is a personal matter with me. I know that I am in a rather peculiar position, but that will make no difference with me. If the worst enemy I had on earth were in want, I would take all the care I could of him, and see that as far as lay in my power, that he suffered no want."

The only leader in Zion who has anything but words of sympathy for Mrs. Dowie was General Overseer Lewis. The sting of his defeat at the hands of the courts apparently has sown seeds of bitterness, and he was loud in his denunciation of Mrs. Dowie.

"I see no reason why the people of Zion City should interest themselves in the condition of Mrs. Dowie," said Overseer Lewis. "There are thousands in this city who have been placed in a worse condition than she, through her deals. We have all the work we can do right here in Zion, without interfering in any way with Mrs. Dowie. Furthermore, I will say that she was allowed money and lands to the value of \$100,000 by the courts, and that ought to keep her. Then, too, she has an able bodied son, who ought to care for her."

With this exception, the feeling for Mrs. Dowie is all sympathy, and plans will be formulated whereby she will be given assistance if she is in actual need.

## ED GRAHAM RECOVERS FROM TYPHOID FEVER

They did a graceful and pleasant thing out at Long Lake, where resides Ed Graham, crack shot and agent for the Union Metallic Cartridge company and the Remington people, the other day.

Ed, who is known the world over, wherever the crack of a gun is to be heard or the laughter of good fellows rings, has been ill at University hospital in Chicago for six weeks with typhoid fever and is just getting so that he can take interest in guns, traps, blue rocks and shells again.

The other day Mr. and Mrs. Culver and Mr. and Mrs. Featherstone and several others of the Chicago Gun club, the Long Lake Gun club, and the Grayslake Gun club descended on the Graham caravanserai at Long Lake in a body and surprised the genial Ed on his native heath, the day being spent in trap shooting, at which some fine scores were made.

The Grayslake contingent came over to Long Lake on a hand car, fifteen of the trap shooters piling onto the car and working it under the expert direction of Monsigneur George Renehan of Round Lake, who acted as engineer. Arriving at Long Lake, the Grayslake contingent was also given a lesson in how to carry guns and shells and such like by the good natured boniface of the Round Lake demesne.

All in all, the day marked a dandy time by a dandy bunch of people.—Waukegan Gazette.

Resignation Called For.  
One is bound to bear patiently the results of his own example.—Pitt.

## TELEGRAPH AND PHONE CO-OPERATE

On February 1st, all Lake Co.  
May Enjoy All-Night Tel-  
egraph Service

### SERVICE WILL BE BENEFIT

Any One Wishing to Send Message Can  
Call Up Nearest Telephone Office  
and Message Sent Without Toll

Bell telephone companies throughout the United States are announcing a new rule effective February 1, which it is expected will be of special benefit to cities and villages where the office of the Western Union Telegraph company is closed at an early hour in the evening.

By application of this new rule, any Bell telephone user, wishing to send a telegram, may call for the Western Union Telegraph office and if the local office has closed for the night he will be given a connection over telephone toll wires to the nearest all night office of the Western Union company. Moreover if his message requires a prompt reply he will receive the answer from the telegraph company, and in neither case will there be any charge for the use of the toll wires.

Coupled with the arrangement announced several months ago, whereby the telephone patrons may telephone their messages to the local telegraph office and have the cost billed to them by the telegraph company. The new rule will prove a source of convenience while eliminating all delay in sending and receiving telegrams.

Not only will this rule be effective as regards the sending of messages but it also applies to the delivery of telegrams. A patron near Chicago sending a message by night, to a person living in the suburbs of New York will find that his message is received at the all night office at New York and is telephoned to the person to whom it is directed. Thereupon a reply may be dictated and returned to the sender by the combined telegraph and telephone route.

In effect the new rule will make the Western Union Telegraph service available to each of the 6,000,000 Bell telephone users in the United States whether the local office is closed for the night, for holidays, Sundays or any other reason.

Lake county people will probably realize that this new arrangement is of vast importance to the smaller cities and villages near Chicago, inasmuch as it opens the system of telephone toll wires for free use in sending or receiving telegrams after their local telegraph office is closed. It is of special importance to the smaller villages where the telegraph office is closed at six o'clock and thereafter the villagers are prevented from use of the telegraph wires.

## SALARIES OF RURAL CARRIERS MAY BE INCREASED

Beginning with July, rural mail carriers will draw a salary of \$1,000 a year, an increase of \$100 over their present pay, if the postoffice department bill passed by the House Friday passes the Senate. The increase was an amendment added to the appropriation bill just before the final vote was taken.

If the increase is granted it will be the third one to be received by the rural carriers since the department was put in operation in 1903. The original pay of rural mail carriers was \$600 per year. This was increased to \$720 two years later, and in 1907 to \$900.

As there are 23 rural routes emanating from Lake county postoffices, 23 men will be affected by the proposed increase in pay if it becomes effective.

The Law's Safeguard.  
In Connecticut a man forty-two years old has been sent to jail for vagrancy because he is suspected of wanting to marry a woman for her money.

Common Mistake.  
A good many people mistake mere noise for enterprise.



## ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

## When a Man Marries

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

Author of *The Circular Staircase*, *The Man in Lower Ten*, etc.

Copyright 1909, by the Bobbs-Merrill Co.

## SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson or Jimmy as he is called by his friends, Jimmy was rotund and looked shorter than he really was. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people steadily refused to do so, his art is considered a huge joke, except to himself. If he asked people to dinner, everyone expected a frolic. Jimmy marries Bella Knowles; they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arrange to celebrate the first anniversary of his divorce.

## CHAPTER II. (Continued.)

"My dear," she said over the telephone, when I invited her, "I want you to know him. He'll be crazy about you. That type of man, big and dead earnest, always falls in love with your type of girl, the appealing sort, you know. And he has been too busy, up to now, to know what love is. But mind, don't hurt him; he's a dear boy. I'm half in love with him myself, and Dallas trots around at his heels like a poodle."

But all Anne's geese are swans, so I thought little of the Harbison man except to hope that he played respectable bridge, and wouldn't mark the cards with a steel spring under his finger nail, as one of her "finds" had done.

We all arrived about the same time, and Anne and I went upstairs together to take off our wraps in what had been Bella's dressing room. It was Anne who noticed the violets.

"Look at that!" she nudged me, when the maid was examining her wrap before she laid it down. "What did I tell you, Kit? He's still quite mad about her."

Jim had painted Bella's portrait while they were going up the Nile on their wedding trip. It looked quite like her, if you stood well off in the middle of the room and if the light came from the right. And just beneath it, in a silver case, was a bunch of violets. It was really touching, and violets were fabulous. It made me want to cry, and to shake Bella soundly, and to go down and pat Jim on his generous shoulder, and tell him what a good fellow I thought him, and that Bella wasn't worth the dust under his feet. I don't know much about psychology, but it would be interesting to know just what effect those violets and my sympathy for Jim had in influencing my decision a half-hour later. It is not surprising, under the circumstances, that for some time after the odor of violets made me ill.

All met downstairs in the living room, quite informally, and Dallas was banging away at the pianola, tramping the pedals with the delicacy and feeling of a football center-kick kicking a goal. Mr. Harbison was standing near the fire, a little away from the others, and he was all that Anne had said and more in appearance. He was tall—not too tall, and very straight. And after one got past the oddity of his face being bronze-colored above his white collar, and of his brown hair being sun-bleached on top until it was almost yellow, one realized that he was very handsome. He had what one might call a resolute nose and chin, and a pleasant, rather humorous, mouth. And he had blue eyes that were, at that moment, wandering with interest over the lot of us. Somebody shouted his name to me above the Tristan and Isolde music, and I held out my hand.

Instantly I had the feeling one sometimes has, of having done just that same thing, with the same surroundings, in the same place, years before. I was looking up at him, and he was staring down at me and holding my hand. And then the music stopped and he was saying: "Where was it?" "Where was what?" I asked. The feeling was stronger than ever with his voice. "I beg your pardon," he said, and let my hand drop. "Just for a second I had an idea that we had met before somewhere, a long time ago. I suppose—no, it couldn't have happened, or I should remember." He was smiling, half at himself.

"No," I smiled back at him. "It didn't happen, I'm afraid—unless we dreamed it." "We?" "I felt that way, too, for a moment." "The Brushwood Boy!" he said with conviction. "Perhaps we will find a common dream life, where we know each other. You remember the Brushwood Boy loved the girl for years before they really met." But this was a little too rapid, even for me.

"Nothing so sentimental, I'm afraid," I retorted. "I have had ex-

actly the same sensation sometimes when I have sneezed."

Betty Mercer captured him then and took him off to see Jim's newest picture. Anne pounced on me at once.

"Isn't he delicious?" she demanded. "Did you ever see such shoulders? And such a nose? And he thinks we are parasites, ciphers of the earth, heaven knows what. He says every woman ought to know how to earn her living, in case of necessity! I said I could make enough at bridge, and he thought I was joking! He's a dear!" Anne was enthusiastic.

I looked after him. Oddly enough the feeling that we had met before struck me. Which was ridiculous, of course, for we learned afterward that the nearest we ever came to meeting was that our mothers had been school friends! Just then I saw Jim beckoning to me crazily from the den. He looked quite yellow, and he had been running his fingers through his hair.

"For heaven's sake, come in, Kit!" he said. "I need a cool head. Didn't I tell you this is my calamity day?" "Cook gone?" I asked with interest. He was starving.

He closed the door and took up a tragic attitude in front of the fire. "Did you ever hear of Aunt Selina?" he demanded.

"I knew there was one," I ventured, mindful of certain gossip as to whence Jimmy derived the Wilson income.

Jim himself was too worried to be cautious. He waved a brazen hand at the snug room, at the Japanese prints on the walls, at the rugs, at the teakwood cabinets and the screen inlaid with pearl and ivory.

"All this," he said comprehensively, "every bite I eat, clothes I wear, drinks I drink—you needn't look like that; I don't drink so darned much—everything comes from Aunt Selina—buttons," he finished with a groan.

"Selina Buttons," I said reflectively. "I don't remember ever having known any one named Buttons, although I had a cat once—"

"Damn the cat!" he said rudely. "Her name isn't Buttons. Her name



"It's Like This, He Went on Hurriedly."

is Caruthers, my Aunt Selina Caruthers, and the money comes from buttons."

"Oh," feebly.

"It's an old business," he went on, with something of proprietary pride. "My grandfather founded it in 1775. Made buttons for the Continental army."

"Oh, yes," I said. "They melted the buttons to make bullets, didn't they? Or they melted bullets to make buttons? Which was it?"

But again he interrupted.

"It's like this," he went on hurriedly. "Aunt Selina believes in me. She likes pictures, and she wanted me to paint, if I could. I'd have given up long ago—oh, I know what you think of my work—but for Aunt Selina. She has encouraged me, and she's done more than that; she's paid the bills."

"Dear Aunt Selina," I breathed.

"When I got married," Jim persisted, "Aunt Selina doubled my allowance. I always expected to sell something, and begin to make money, and in the meantime what she advanced I considered as a loan." He was eying me defiantly, but I was growing serious. It was evident from the preamble that something was coming.

"To understand, Kit," he went on dubiously, "you would have to know her. She won't stand for divorce. She thinks it is a crime."

"What!" I sat up. I have always regarded divorce as essentially disagreeable, like castor oil, but necessary.

"Oh, you know well enough what I'm driving at," he burst out savagely. "She doesn't know Bella has gone. She thinks I am living in a little domestic heaven, and—she is coming tonight to hear me flap my wings."

"Tonight!"

I don't think Jimmy had known that Dallas Brown had come in and was listening. I am sure I had not. Hearing his chuckle at the doorway brought us up with a jerk.

"Where has Aunt Selina been for the last two or three years?" he asked easily.

Jim turned, and his face brightened. "Europe. Look here, Dal, you're a smart chap. She'll only be here about four hours. Can't you think of some way to get me out of this? I want to let her down easy, too. I'm mighty fond of Aunt Selina. Can't we—can't I say Bella has a headache?"

"Rotten!" laconically.

"Gone out of town?" Jim was desperate.

"And you with a houseful of dinner guests! Try again, Jim."

"I have it," Jim said suddenly. "Dallas, ask Anne if she won't play hostess for tonight. Be Mrs. Wilson problem. Anne would love it. Aunt Selina never saw Bella. Then, afterward, next year, when I'm hung in the

Academy and can stand on my feet!" ("Not if you're hung," Dallas interjected.)—"I'll break the truth to her."

But Dallas was not enthusiastic.

"Anne wouldn't do at all," he declared. "She'd be talking about the kids before she knew it, and patting me on the head." He said it complacently; Anne flirts, but they are really devoted.

"One of the Mercer girls?" I suggested, but Jimmy raised a horrified hand.

"You don't know Aunt Selina," he protested. "I couldn't offer Lella in the gown she's got on, unless she wore a shawl and Betty is too fair."

Anne came in just then, and the whole story had to be told again to her. She was ecstatic. She said it was good enough for a play, and that of course she would be Mrs. Jimmy for that length of time.

"You know," she finished, "if it were not for Dal, I would be Mrs. Jimmy for any length of time. I have been devoted to you for years, Billiken."

But Dallas refused peremptorily. "I'm not jealous," he explained, straightening and throwing out his chest, "but—well, you don't look the part, Anne. You're—you are growing matronly, not but what you suit me all right. And then I'd forget and call you 'mammy,' which would require explanation. I think it's up to you, Kit."

"I shall do nothing of the sort!" I snapped. "It's ridiculous!"

"I dare you!" said Dallas.

I refused. I stood like a rock while the storm surged around me and beat over me. I must say for Jim that he was merely pathetic. He said that my happiness was first; that he would not give me an uncomfortable minute for anything on earth; and that Bella had been perfectly right to leave him, because he was a sinking ship, and deserved to be turned out penniless into the world. After which mixed figure, he poured himself something to drink, and his hands were shaking.

Dal and Anne stood on each side of him and patted him on the shoulders, and glared across at me. I felt that if I was a rock, Jim's ship had struck on me and was sinking, as he said, because of me. I began to crumble.

"What—what time does she leave?" I asked, wavering.

"Ten: nine; Kit, are you going to do it?"

"No!" I gave a last clutch at my resolution. "People who do that kind of thing always get into trouble. She might miss her train. She's almost certain to miss her train."

"You're temporizing," Dallas said sternly. "We won't let her miss her train; you can be sure of that."

"Jim," Anne broke in suddenly, "hasn't she a picture of Bella. There's not the faintest resemblance between Bella and Kit."

Jim became downcast again. "I sent her a miniature of Bella a couple of years ago," he said despondently. "Did it myself."

But Dal said he remembered the miniature, and it looked more like me than Bella, anyhow. So we were just where we started. And down inside of me I had a premonition that I was going to do just what they wanted me to do, and get into all sorts of trouble, and not be thanked for it after all.

Which was entirely correct. And then Lella Mercer came and banged at the door and said that dinner had been announced ages ago and that everybody was famishing. With the hurry and stress, and poor Jim's distracted face, I weakened.

"I feel like a cross between an idiot and a criminal," I said shortly, "and I don't know particularly why every one thinks I should be the victim for the sacrifice. But if you will promise to get her off early to her train, and if you will stand by me and not leave me alone with her, I—I might try it."

"Of course, we'll stand by you!" they said in chorus. "We won't let you stick!" And Dal said, "You're the right sort of girl, Kit. And after it's all over, you'll realize that it's the biggest kind of lark. Think how you are saying the old lady's feelings! When you are an elderly person yourself, Kit, you will appreciate what you are doing tonight."

Yes, they said they would stand by me, and that I was a heroine and the only person there clever enough to act the part, and that they wouldn't let me stick! I am not bitter now, but that is what they promised. Oh, I am not defending myself; I suppose I deserved everything that happened. But they told me that she would be there only between trains, and that she was deaf, and that I had an opportunity to save a fellow-being from ruin. So in the end I capitulated.

When they opened the door into the living room, Max Reed had arrived and was helping to hide a decanter and glasses, and somebody said a cab was at the door.

And that was the way it began.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## LIFE IN A GREAT CITY.

The crowd blocked the sidewalk and spread out half way across the street. Men struggled and almost fought to force their way through, to find out what was going on.

"What's the trouble?" asked a dozen voices.

The answers were unsatisfactory. It was a man in a fit. Somebody had fainted. Two newsboys were fighting. A woman had been run over by a delivery wagon. A pickpocket had been caught in the act.

"Aw, g'wan, here! Move ahn!" vociferated a policeman, who was the last to arrive.

The crowd melted away. Then the cause of the excitement was revealed.

It was a glazier trying to break off half an inch from the bottom of a large pane of plate glass.

## STATE'S RIGHTS MADE AN ISSUE

Sutherland's Plan for Popular Election of Senators Meets With Opposition.

## FEDERAL CONTROL ITS AIM

Democrats Will Be Confronted With Legislative Demands of Labor—Frye's Bill Providing for Retirement of Life Savers Is Indorsed.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Opposition has come in the senate to the resolution for the popular election of senators from what may be called state's rights sources. Senator Sutherland of Utah proposed an amendment which gives the federal government control of the manner and form of holding the elections. Under the law today the United States has virtually this control of elections for members of the house of representatives, and some of the Republicans say that the law as it stands will control the election of senators, but some of the Democrats differ from their party opponents in this matter and object to the Sutherland amendment.

It is impossible yet to tell definitely whether the proposed constitutional change is to be authorized for submission to the states at this session, or not, but there can be no doubt that the pressure for its adoption is getting stronger each day. Untold hundreds of letters are coming in from all sections of the country to the senators urging that the resolution shall be passed giving the proper authority for the states to pass on the matter. The letters come from people of every political faith.

A good many of the senators at heart are opposed to the adoption of the resolution and there are men in Washington who are bold enough to say that the fault which is being found with Sutherland's amendment is a part of a plan to create excuses for putting off the consideration until a later time.

President Taft and Red Cross.

President Taft has all kinds of legislative worries and some political worries also, and in this he is not in any way better off than were his predecessors in office, but the present president finds time enough to take what to some people seems to be nothing less than an extraordinary interest in the work of the Red Cross.

Mr. Taft expressed not only a willingness but a desire a year ago to be made the president of the Red Cross society. He is something more than its titular chief, for he devotes a good deal of time to the work. The secretary of the Red Cross is Miss Mabel Boardman, a Washington woman who once lived in Cleveland, Ohio, and the members of whose family have been intimate friends of the president and his family for many years. The Boardman home is virtually the only one in Washington at which the president calls socially. Some little plique has been aroused by this fact among society people for they have said that if the president of the United States is going to make any personal visits, he ought not to discriminate between people. The truth is, however, that Mr. Taft goes to the Boardman residence not alone to call on people whom he has known for thirty years, but to work on Red Cross matters.

Labor Bills Worry Democrats.

Long before they get together in regular session as the controlling majority in the house, the Democrats will be confronted by the necessity of arranging for a harmony program on labor legislation. The Republicans have passed a number of bills on behalf of labor, but there are elements in the organizations of working men which hold that the Republican legislation has not gone far enough. Other legislation asked by labor has not been touched by the Republicans, and the Democrats will be asked not only to touch it but to take it up, consider it and put it through quickly.

There is a difference of opinion among the Democrats of the house about the form which some of the labor legislation should take, a difference of opinion which exists among the Republicans, but there are more Democrats in favor of granting the requests of labor than there have been in the ranks of the opposing party. Next to the tariff, more perplexity is likely to come to the Democrats from labor legislative problems than from any other matter which it is thus far known must come up for consideration.

What Labor Is Asking.

Organized labor has been asking congress for some years to pass an eight hour bill, one that will limit to eight hours a day's work in any industrial concern which has secured a government contract. An eight hour law today on all work which is done actually by the government, such as ship building work in navy yards. The law, however, does not apply to work which is done by private business concerns which have contracts with Uncle Sam. It is the desire of labor that the law shall be extended to cover such cases.

It is also the wish of the labor leaders that an anti-injunction bill shall be passed, one that will take away from the federal courts the right to grant injunctions in labor disputes.

without giving a full hearing to the parties whom it is sought to enjoin. President Taft has asked that an anti-injunction law be passed at this session, but the measure as he has recommended it does not appeal, apparently, to a good many of the labor leaders, for they have said that it does not go far enough.

It is the administration's idea that an injunction should not be granted without giving the parties against whom the injunction is asked a full chance to be heard, "except in cases where the judge is convinced that delay may put life or property in jeopardy."

It is said by the labor representatives that this exception will enable judges, who may be so "constitutionally inclined," to take it for granted that life and property are in jeopardy in every injunction case which is brought before them, and that the law should be framed so as to prevent the judge from following his inclination rather than his sound judgment.

Unions Seek Exemption.

Labor is also desirous that unions of working men shall be exempt from the provisions of the Sherman antitrust law. Thus far it is said the law never has been invoked against combinations of labor, but the working men seem to fear that it may be. There is also a question of the constitutionality of legislation which would exempt organizations of labor from the action of this law. Some of the representatives and senators say outright that it would be class legislation and as such have no place on the statute books of a Democracy.

Brigadier General Charles L. Hodges, United States army, has just been promoted to the rank of major general. General Hodges today is the only major general of the active list of the United States army who saw service in the civil war. When he goes on the retired list in March, the names of the civil war veterans holding rank which entitles them to wear a star will have disappeared from the active list of the army.

Ask Justice for Life Savers.

Hundreds of letters are coming in weekly to members of congress asking them to pass a bill introduced by Senator Frye of Maine to provide for the retirement of members of the life-saving service of the United States. One of the curious features of this matter is that fully as many letters are coming from the inland states, where many of the people never saw a life-saving station, as from the coastwise regions where the work of the life savers frequently is under observation.

The members of the life saving service of the United States, men who go out in all kinds of storms to the aid of passengers and crews, work until old age comes on and then they are obliged to leave the service penniless and in some cases dependent upon others for support. The pay of the men is very small and it is said in congress that the only reason that the ranks are kept full is that the danger of the work actually draws men to engage in it.

There is said to be a certain fascination in the life of the guardsmen. The men face danger frequently and many of them are incapacitated for further work in life by injuries received while doing for others. Such men get no compensation from the government and it is only in occasional cases that they are made the recipients of "hero fund money" provided by Andrew Carnegie.

Sherman Doesn't Want Re-election.

Vice-President Sherman said a long while ago that under no circumstances would he be a candidate again for his present office. Thus it can be taken for granted that when the Republican convention meets it must look for a new vice-presidential candidate. When Mr. Sherman goes to his room just off the main corridor of the senate chamber prior to entering on his day's duties as presiding officer, he leaves the door wide open behind him. Anybody can walk into the room to look at the pictures on the wall and to exchange a word of greeting with the second officer of the government, and, moreover, the visitor can have a conversation with the vice-president unless public business is in the way.

Vice-presidents are apt to be exceedingly democratic in their manner. The president is hedged in with certain formalities, and certain feelings of high respect for the office prevents the same easy going methods of approach which are used when getting near any other American citizen. With vice-presidents it is different.

When Mr. Fairbanks held the office he appeared in the outer room of the White House one early spring morning with a light felt hat on his head. He had put it on because the weather was getting warm. The newspaper correspondents who were present "joshed" him about his hat and asked him why he did not buy a new one, saying that the one he had on was of last year's vintage.

Mr. Fairbanks removed the hat and answered gravely, but with humor in his eye, that he was setting the country an example in economy. "This looked like a pretty good hat to me," he said. "When I took it off the hook yesterday I sent it to be cleaned, and here I am wearing it. If you will look at it closely you will see that even the cleaner's art could not get off some of last year's marks, but it is a good hat all right."

After the conversation was over one correspondent said to another: "This country certainly is a democracy all right. That man is the second officer of government and yet here we were 'joshing' him about his last year's lid."

French Wine Consumption.

France's annual consumption of wine is about 100 bottles per capita.

## THE SCHOOLS OF WESTERN CANADA

In Some of the Cities and Towns the School Buildings Cannot Accommodate the Increasing Numbers.

One of the most important factors in the building of a new country is the attention that is paid by the authorities to the education of the rising generation. Fortunately for western Canada, the settlement of that new country began in such recent years that it was able to lay a foundation for this work, gained by the experience of older countries. In this way the very best is the result. Throughout the entire country are to be seen the most improved style of architecture in school buildings. The cities and towns vie with each other in the efforts to secure the best of accommodation and at the same time get architectural lines that would appeal.

Sufficient to say that nowhere is there the greater attention paid to elementary and advanced education than in western Canada. A report just to hand shows that in Calgary, Alberta, there are eighty teachers employed, and the enrollment 4,228 pupils. In the Province of Alberta there was a total of 46,000 pupils attending schools in 1909. The total enrollment for the year in city, town and village schools was 22,883, and the total in rural schools was 23,165. There are in the province 970 schools with 1,323 departments. At the close of 1909 there was a total of 1,096 school districts in the province. Great attention is paid also to agricultural education. The best uses of the soil and such other matters as tend to make the agriculture less of a drudge and more of a success are employed. When there is the combination of good soil, splendid climate and healthy and advanced ideas in the methods employed in agriculture, we see accomplished the results that have placed western Canada on its present high plane in the agricultural world. There is to be found men of high standing in literary spheres as well as in financial circles who are carrying on farming, not alone for the pleasure they derive but for the profit they secure.

Mr. Adler, a wide-awake business man of New York, has a ranch near Strathmore, Alberta. He is highly pleased with his success the past year. He says: "On July 25th we estimated our crop at 6,000 bushels of wheat. A week later we increased our estimate to 12,000 bushels. A few days later we again increased our estimate, this time to 18,000 bushels, but after harvest in September we found we had 20,160 bushels. If that isn't a record, what is?" he asked.

"This crop was made with practically no moisture," he continued, "and we now have a better opinion of the fertility of Alberta lands than ever and value our lands higher than we ever did before."

Mr. Adler, who has been on the ranch for about a week, leaves for New York Saturday.

This gentleman is conducting a farm on a large scale, and has plenty of means to develop it, and his may not be taken as a fair case. There are, though, instances of thousands who have begun life on small farms in western Canada with but brains and the determination over and above the couple of hundred dollars in ready money that they possessed, and today are owners of large farms and handsome incomes, all the result of their efforts on land that was responsive to the touch of the hand that held the plow. Instances such as these can be quoted if you will communicate with the nearest Canadian government agent, who will also mail you free descriptive literature.

James M. Beck, the famous corporation lawyer of New York, is a native of Philadelphia, and to Philadelphia he often returns to see his old friends.

Mr. Beck, at a recent banquet in Philadelphia, defended corporations with an epigram.

"The trust buster and the Socialist may do what they please," he said, "but mankind will still be divided into two great classes—those who walk to get an appetite for their dinner, and those who walk to get a dinner for their appetite."

Important to Mothers

Examining carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Unnecessary.

"Do you tell your wife everything you do while she is away?"

"No; the neighbors attend to that."

—Houston Post.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

The manly man makes altogether the best woman's man.

FILES COPIED IN 5 TO 14 DAYS

ANY FALLS TO CURE ANY CASE OF FLEETING, BLIND, BLEEDING OR PROTRUDING FILES IN 5 TO 14 DAYS.

Do noble things, not dream them all day long.—Kingsley.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Be a live wire, but don't burn your associates.



# The Battleship Delaware and Her Great Cruise

## FOR COUNTRY-WIDE EFFORT

Foes of Tuberculosis Have Plan to Use Most Powerful Weapon on Earth.

April 30 has been set aside this year as "Tuberculosis Day," and will be observed in 200,000 churches in the country in a manner similar to that of "Tuberculosis Sunday" in 1910, when 40,000 sermons were preached on the prevention of tuberculosis. In the first official announcement of the occasion, made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, the leaders of the movement state that they hope to enlist all of the 33,000,000 church members in the country.

In one respect Tuberculosis day will differ from Tuberculosis Sunday of 1910. Instead of requesting the churches to give to the tuberculosis cause a special Sunday service, the national association is going to ask this year that meetings at which the subject of tuberculosis and its prevention can be discussed, be held on Sunday, April 30, or on any other day near that date, either in the week preceding or the week following. "What we want," says Mr. Livingston Farrand, executive secretary of the National Association for the Study report on this movement, "is to have this whole subject of tuberculosis discussed in all of the 200,000 churches of the United States at as nearly the same time as possible."

## MERIT WINS

There is Probably No Other Known Remedy the Fame of Which Became World-Wide With So Little Advertising As Resinol.

Merit won. Resinol did the work. It cured where other remedies failed. Its grateful user told the next sufferer, and he in turn told another sufferer, and so on, and so on, and on its fame spread by this magical verbiage until it encircled the world. The world knows now that Resinol will cure that torturing disease, Eczema. Your druggist will confirm it, and also will tell you that it is a quick and certain cure for Erythema; for Tetter, for Herpes, for Psoriasis, for Eruption of Poison Ivy, for Impetigo and all eruptive skin diseases. It is perfectly harmless and is the best application for the chafing of infants, for Milk Rash, Scald Head and other infantile skin troubles. It stops the itching of Pruritus Ani or Itching Piles instantaneously. Its efficacy for this trouble alone has made it indeed a boon to humanity. Resinol Soap contains the same medication in a modified form. It is delightfully refreshing for the bath, keeps the skin always pure and maintains the ruddy glow of health. It gives luster to the hair and keeps the scalp free of dandruff. Resinol Salve and Resinol Soap are for sale in all drug stores. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

## A LOST ART.



"It seems to me that our new maid ought at least to know how to serve water, if she was six years with her last employer."

"Well, it's not surprising, dear. I know her last employer."

## BLAME PHYSICIANS FOR GROWTH OF DOPE HABIT

Druggists Say Prescriptions and Not Patent Medicines the Cause.

New York.—Blame for the prevalence and growth of the morphine habit was placed on the shoulders of physicians, who prescribed the drug, at a meeting of druggists here tonight to protest against the recently enacted city ordinance prohibiting the sale at retail of any preparation containing morphine or its salts except upon a doctor's prescription.

The ordinance is aimed primarily at paregoric and at stomach remedies, according to members of the board of health who were instrumental in obtaining its passage. Caswell Mayo, one of the druggists, said he had made a canvass by mail of several sanitariums and the replies convinced him 90 per cent. of the victims of drugs formed the habit as a result of using prescriptions given by physicians and only 8 per cent. from using proprietary medicines.

## Vagaries of Finance.

"I understand you have paid the mortgage off your place."

"Yep," replied Farmer Cornatossel.

"Then why do you complain of hard times?"

"All the neighbors have done the same thing. That leaves me with money on my hands that nobody wants to borrow."

Twenty-Five Years of It.

"Why do people have silver weddings, pa?"

"Just to show the world what their powers of endurance have been."

—Judge's Library.

THE battleship Delaware, our newest, largest and finest sea warrior, is now making preparations for a most notable cruise. According to present plans she will sail on this faint, early this month, and the cruise will consume the best part of the spring. The itinerary—prepared all of a sudden, for this cruise was not even contemplated a few weeks ago—calls for a voyage around the continent of South America, or, at least around the major portion of that triangular continent and it bids fair to be the most notable undertaking assigned to any single battleship since the famous old battleship Oregon made the long trip around South America (over much this same route) at the time of the Spanish-American war.

The cruise of the Delaware takes on importance from the fact that it is the first stunt of the kind attempted by one of our new battleships of the Dreadnought class—floating fortresses so much larger and heavier and more formidably armed than any of our old-time battleships that they might be referred to as the "big brothers" of these ships that were so awe inspiring a few years ago. Now, of course, these new "all-big-gun" ships are as yet something of an experiment in our navy in so far as actual service goes and consequently naval officials and shipbuilding experts will await with no little concern the outcome of this prolonged "shaking down" cruise.

Another circumstance that makes this coming cruise stand out as a notable achievement is that the Delaware is to take her long "hike" absolutely unattended. As all readers of the newspapers must have noted, it has not been the practice of our naval authorities of late years to assign single battleships to long cruises. They usually go in fleets, or in divisions of four ships, or at least in pairs. Why, it will be remembered that when President Taft made his recent trip to Panama a second warship was sent along with the one that carried the presidential party, not because there was any real need for it, but simply to have a companion ship at hand to render assistance in the event that the first craft met with a mishap of any kind, great or small.

And take that other naval cruise around South America, with which the

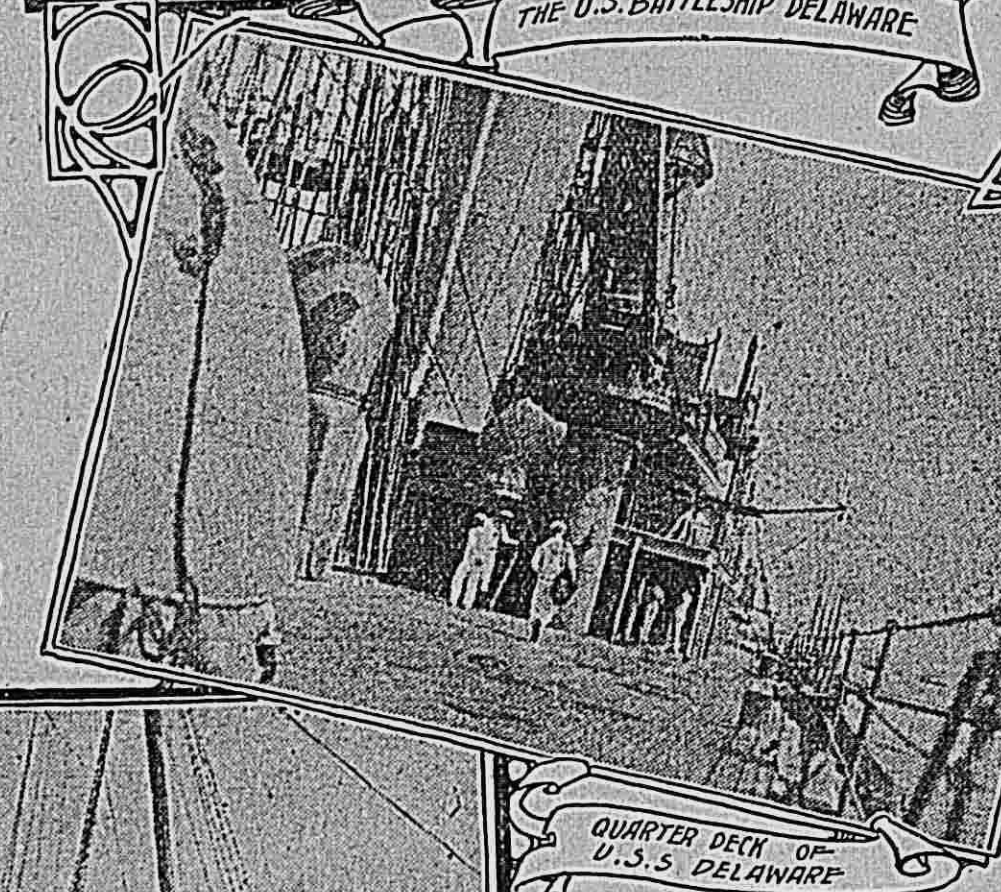
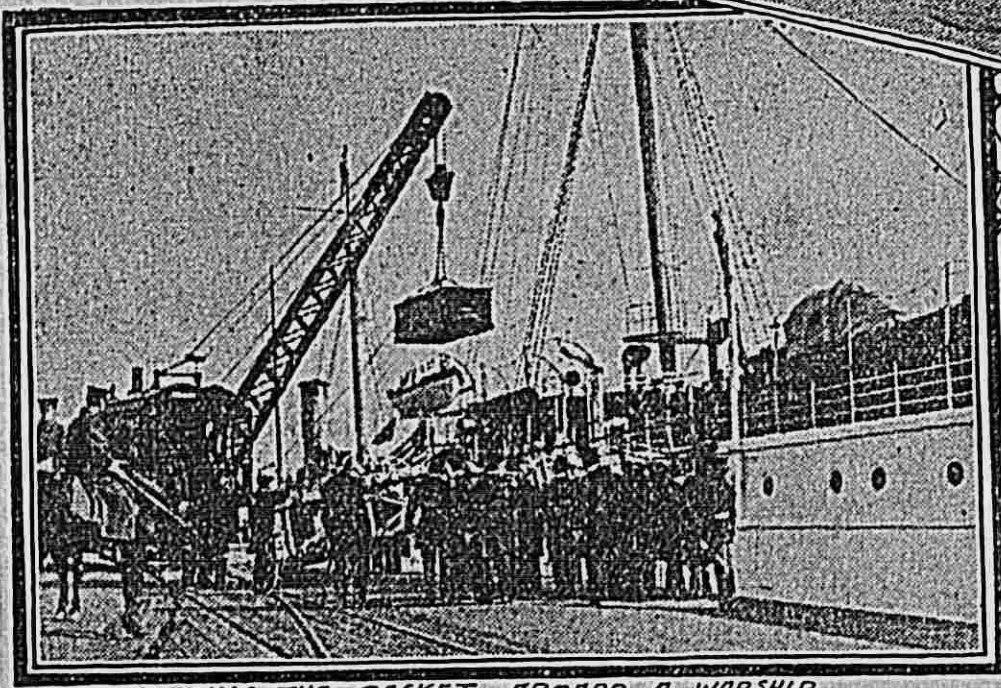


PHOTO BY WALDON FAWCETT



LIFTING THE CASKET ABOARD A WARSHIP

Delaware's trip will naturally be compared—that world-astonishing "first leg" of the memorable round-the-world cruise when Rear Admiral "Bob" Evans led a fleet of 16 battleships around the lower half of our continent. In that event conspicuously there exemplified the adage that in union there is strength, and aside from the self-confidence inspired by the co-ordinate action of a whole fleet of battleships there was the further insurance against the unexpected offered by the presence with the fleet of a repair ship, supply ships and naval colliers. The Delaware, on the other hand, must traverse the same sea track figuratively as well as literally "on her own bottom," as the seafaring man say.

However, without underestimating the prestige that will come to the Delaware through all these unusual attributes of her present trip, it must be admitted that the greatest significance of all attaches to this 1911 cruise because of the mission of the Delaware. The fleet of battleships that visited South American ports a couple of years ago went solely on the initiative of President Roosevelt as a practice cruise and a sort of object lesson to other nations, but the Delaware goes on a specific mission of condolence, out of respect to the memory of an international statesman and in compliment to a friendly nation. She is to convey from our shores to his native land the body of Senator Don Anibal Cruz, the late minister of the republic of Chile to the United States.

When a foreign diplomat dies at his post of duty in an alien capital it is customary for the officials of the government to which he had been accredited as envoy and for his fellow diplomats to accord him every possible honor in death. Elaborate ceremonies are prescribed, not merely as a tribute to the statesman whose work in behalf of international good feeling has thus been interrupted by death, but also as a compliment to the country and the government whose accredited agent he was. All the unwritten laws were carefully observed in the case of the late Chilean minister. His funeral at Washington was made the occasion of an elaborate mili-

tary and naval display; the president of the United States and the members of his cabinet were in attendance; and the chief justice of the United States, foreign ambassadors, United States senators and other distinguished men acted as the honorary pallbearers. But there was one other courtesy which international etiquette prescribes shall be offered under such sad circumstances. In accordance with the usage of friendly nations the president of the United States cabled to the president of Chile offering the use of a United States warship to convey on his last journey home the body of the deceased diplomatist. The offer was accepted and the Delaware has been assigned to act as a funeral barge on this voyage of thousands of miles to Valparaiso and return. In accordance, however, with the wishes of the Cruz family the battleship did not start on her journey immediately after the funeral, but the trip was deferred until this month, the flag-draped casket reposing in the meantime in a receiving vault in a cemetery at Washington.

The United States government has been called upon twice before, within a comparatively few years, to convey home the bodies of eminent Pan-American statesmen who have died in this country. Some years ago the body of an ambassador of Mexico was thus conveyed home in state and only a year ago similar honors were paid to the remains of the late Senator Nabuco, who was for years the ambassador of Brazil at our seat of government. On neither occasion, however, was there employed for the service so imposing a vessel as the Delaware.

That the officials and the public of Chile will appreciate the significance of Uncle Sam's sending his largest and finest warship is the expectation of the American authorities and there is plain intent to thus create an especially favorable impression—possibly the more so because Chile is one of those South American countries with which the United States has at times in the past been on the verge of ill feeling, and it is the desire of our statesmen to allay any lingering suspicions and cement friendship in this quarter. The Delaware was not, of course, a member of the round-the-world squadron that visited Chilean ports several years ago so that not only will she be a novelty to eyes beyond the Andes but she will afford the people of Chile their first opportunity to inspect an example of the world's latest ideas in heavy battleship building.

Incidentally, Uncle Sam's impressive method of paying tribute to a worker for Pan-American unity will be brought to the attention of the people of other South American republics and this will not be a bad idea either, for the Latin-Americans are very jealous of receiving their due meed of respect and recognition from their big brother of the north. This focusing of the attention of people on the east coast of South America that will come about through the circumstance that the Delaware, being unattended by coal or supply ships, will find it necessary en route to and from Chile to put in at ports in Brazil, Argentina and other places for fuel, supplies, etc. Of course the natives at each port cannot fail to be impressed by the vessel and the importance which Uncle Sam attaches to her mission.

The placing of the metal casket containing the body of the deceased diplomat aboard the battleship will be made the occasion of another impressive ceremonial. The heavy-draught

means that she is fully one-fourth larger or heavier than any other vessel now in commission in our navy except her sister ship, the North Dakota. She is also the speediest of all our battleships built or building, being capable of a gait of 24 or 25 miles per hour, which is distinctly "going some" for so ponderous a craft, and which will enable her to make good time on her round trip beyond Cape Horn if necessity should arise.

The Delaware is the heaviest armed of all our "peacemakers," excepting of course her twin sister, the North Dakota. She carries ten of the big 12-inch guns, four of which were a few years ago considered ample for any battleship, and in addition she has ranged on her sides 14 of the tremendously effective 6-inch guns, to say nothing of a whole array of smaller naval "shooting irons." Some of these latter—the three-pounders, for instance, will be the only ones used on the present cruise and then merely for firing salutes. The Delaware has a ship's company of record-breaking size—55 officers and nearly 900 men.

## THREE ORDERS OF SOCIETY IN NAPLES

There are three distinct classes in Neapolitan society—it would be better to call them castes—the nobility and aristocracy, the "galantuomini" or middle classes, and the "lazzaroni" or the "submerged multitude."

The first class it is unnecessary to describe, the other classes live side by side, and are yet distinct and hostile. They differ in religious and political convictions, in morals, in social customs, in food and clothing.

The galantuomini include the shopkeepers, the small manufacturers, tradesmen, bookkeepers, persons engaged in clerical occupations, and practically all who are compelled to earn their living, but who are not engaged in manual labor.

They are generally liberal and often radical in politics. The men express an open indifference and often contempt for the church, but require their wives and daughters to observe all the conventional religious duties, and they themselves never fail to reach for a crucifix or call for a priest whenever they imagine their own lives to be in danger.

They are fond of dress and display and indulge their taste as far as their means will permit, but their wives and daughters are kept in seclusion and are never allowed to leave the house without duennas to protect them.

The lazzaroni regard with contempt as well as aversion the families of the galantuomini, who are not wealthy and have to struggle to keep up appearances. The lazzaroni are strongly attached to the nobility, have often given practical evidences of loyalty and on several occasions have been of supreme service to the crown.

They live cheaply in the open air, with a room in the basement or the attic of some old tenement, to which they can retreat for shelter in case of storm, and when the hour comes for sleep.

They delight in garlic, shell fish, raw vegetables and fruit. The women pay little attention to their dress and always go bareheaded. There are probably not a dozen hats or bonnets to the thousand of the women population of the lazzaroni.

The lazzaroni are so accustomed to fetid odors, the misery, the loathsome filth of the "Fondaci," as the slums are called, that it is difficult for them to be happy under any other circumstances. They are born in it, they live in it and they die in it, and yet there are grades of misery, just as there are grades of prosperity.

There are lazzaroni who are rich and comfortable, compared with others who may occupy the adjoining attic, but it is said by those who have studied this class that they are never reduced to a condition which is beyond their philosophy to endure; that they will always jest about their hunger and laugh about their pains.

Sentimentalists who have made a study of them, insist that the poorer and more loathsome the family the stronger the love and attachment. As misfortune comes upon them they seem to cling more closely together, parents to children, children to parents and brothers to sisters, and not one is so low or so destitute as to be unable now and then to do an act of charity or express compassion to neighbors who are even more badly off than themselves.



## THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
One copy, one year, in advance, \$1.00

Advertising Rates Will be Furnished Upon  
Application

Telephone Antioch 581

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1911

## WHAT WOMAN LIKES IN MAN

Pleasing Manners, Deference, Courtesy and a Vigorous, Healthy and Well-Groomed Appearance.

A woman likes pleasing manners in a man. She likes deference and courtesy and attentiveness in small things. Manners often make more of an appeal to her than sterling worth. That's the reason foreigners make such headway with American women. They never forget to be deferential and courteous, to say the little things and to do the little things that warm the cockles of the feminine heart. This may be all wrong. Perhaps she ought to appreciate the character more than the veneer. But she doesn't. The average woman isn't practical. She's romantic. She likes roses and bonbons. Many men give her cabbage and beefsteak. Cabbage and beefsteak are all right, but as a steady diet they are tiresome. She'll take less cabbage and beefsteak if thereby she may have some roses and bonbons.

A woman likes a man to look healthy and to be well groomed. She likes a vigorous body, a healthy skin and a look that betokens a daily acquaintance with the bath tub, not merely because she likes beauty, though she does, but because these things betoken good habits.

A woman, if she is a wife or a sweetheart, likes expressions of love. She gets tired of taking a man's love for granted. It grows faint and far away, and life is cold and commonplace, when he does not tell her in actual words he loves her, and show her by actual caresses, how much. To some men, this seems all foolishness. They think that paying bills is the best proof of their love. But again most women are not practical, and bills are uninteresting things, not half so enjoyable or warm and vital as a kiss or a caress.

## Covers Much Space.

A New York department store gets out a postcard which contains interesting facts for the curious. Here are some of the store's features which it mentions: Ten freight elevators, 26 passenger elevators, 120 flights of stairs, 1,020 telephone stations, 8,000 automatic sprinklers, 17 miles of pneumatic tubes with 370 stations, 22,000,000 pounds of steel, 221,400 cubic feet of concrete in foundations, a mile and a half of showcases, 25 miles of steam circulation pipe, 2,406 steel columns, 24,040 incandescent lamps, 45 show windows with the largest plate glass in New York, 5,250,000 bricks used in erection, 540,000 feet of copper wiring for lighting, 390 separate departments, 250,000 square feet, or nearly 27 acres of wood flooring, which gives the floor space 800,000 square feet of plaster surface, 100,000 square feet of outside window glass.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's**  
**New Discovery**  
FOR **CROUPS** PRICE  
AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. **50c & \$1.00.**  
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY  
OR MONEY REFUNDED.

## QUEER THING IN BIRD LIFE

Fantail Pigeons Hatch Out a Bantam Chick but Have Trouble in Feeding It.

The following experience, says a writer in the Strand, I have recently had may be of interest to your readers. I have two fantail pigeons, both male birds, and I noticed one day that they built a nest and then were sitting on it alternately, as if they were going to hatch eggs. It struck me that it might be a good idea to put an egg of my bantams into the nest to compensate the pigeons for the trouble they had taken in building it. Apparently they appreciated my doing so, as from that time they never left the nest for about three weeks, when, to my great surprise, I found a little chicken peeping from the pigeon's nest. It was touching to see how the pigeons tried to feed the chicken by opening their beaks, like pigeons do, and inviting the youngster to help himself to the contents of their crops, which, of course, it refused to do, because it is a chicken and not a pigeon. The pigeons are very fond of the little one, and take it under their wings to keep it warm whenever it wants it, exactly as a hen treats her chickens.

## Queer Marital Relations.

Curious marriage customs prevail among the people dwelling in the Tang Valley in India. Here it seems that the women are polygamous, and that several brothers possess one wife in common. The custom is said to be due to the poverty of the people. The children bear the names of all the husbands of the mother. How such a custom as to names works out in practice it is difficult to comprehend. The divorce customs are very simple. If the husband establishes that his wife is a bad cook it is a sufficient ground; and on the wife's side, if she can show that her husband fails to provide for the upkeep of the house she obtains relief.

## Various Appeal.

"How did you like the big frosted cake I made?" inquired the young woman who cooks. "It depends," replied the cautious man, "on whether we are discussing it as food or statutory."

## CAT WAS REVERED IN JAPAN

She Lived in Temples and Was Known as the Guardian of the Manuscripts.

According to a Japanese writer, the domestic cat appeared in his country at a relatively recent epoch, having traveled from China with the missionaries of Buddhism. In the middle of the sixth century of the Christian era sacrifices were offered to the cat, which was known by all as "the guardian of the manuscripts."

"The guardian of the manuscripts" kept away the mice, who otherwise would have eaten the precious papyrus. In some instances placards were set in conspicuous places among manuscripts as a warning to the mice: Beware! The cat is here. She drives the mice. Portraits of cats were also placed in places frequented by mice.

The cats were revered. For a long time they were kept in the temples. But their beauty, their general desirability and the charm of their grace, affection for man, and adaptability to human conditions so appealed to the layman that one by one very gradually their kittens were permitted to leave the temples and to become the pets of the nobility. After entering the families of the high officials of the Empire they won their way into humbler households.

## The Women of Brittany.

To the casual observer the Bretonne is not attractive or even supremely interesting. As a femme de chambre she is clumsy, slovenly and rough of speech, lacking the graces and neatness of her Parisian sister. She shuffles about in felt slippers, her voluminous black skirts catch in everything, and if she waits at the table d'hôte her method of handling cutlery is strongly calculated to sever one's jugular vein. She has no regularity in her work, and at the hour that she ought to be making beds she is probably sitting on the public staircase nursing her baby. She is generally married and, conversely, often ten years younger than you take her to be. To English eyes she is rarely beautiful. Her hair is strained tightly under her cap, her cheeks have seldom any delicacy of tint and her figure and motions are ungainly and awkward.—Wide World.

## NEW WAY TO CURE BALDNESS

Work in Cold Storage Plant or Go to Arctic Regions and Your Hair Will Grow.

The latest "universal hair grower" discovered is a trip to the Arctic regions, or falling time and inclination for that, employment in a cold storage company. According to Sir Ernest Shackleton, the Antarctic explorer, extreme cold is one of the best means of strengthening the hair. In the course of an interview recently, Sir Ernest said:

"All of the men who went with me on the south pole expedition with one or two exceptions possessed stronger crops of hair on their return to civilization."

"Extreme cold undoubtedly strengthens one's hair. As our party approached nearer the south pole our hair grew more slowly, but became thicker and stronger."

An official of a London cold storage company, interviewed on the same subject, stated that there was not a bald-headed man in the employ of the company. He said that the men worked all day in a temperature of 20 degrees of frost and the cold undoubtedly made their hair thicker.

## Plaque of Monkeys.

Awaking from her sleep to find that 15 monkeys had taken possession of her house and were disputing themselves in her parlor and dining room, was the recent experience of Mrs. Lippman, Los Angeles. Mrs. Lippman tried to dislodge the monkeys, but failed. The following day she appeared at the prosecuting attorney's office and demanded a warrant for the arrest of Antonio Ryder, her next door neighbor, who she asserts instigated the invasion. Ryder is a trainer of monkeys and dogs. Two of his canines, which preferred Mrs. Lippman's clothes basket to their own kennel as sleeping quarters, were poisoned recently. Ryder suspected Mrs. Lippman of administering the poison and she asserts he sent his band of monkeys into her house in an effort to be revenged.

## To Attach Paper Label to Iron.

Rub the iron at the desired spot thoroughly with an onion cut in half and then stick the label, previously smeared with paste, gum or glue, to the spot.—Scientific American.

## Death in Roaring Fire

may not result from the work of firebugs, but often severe burns are caused that make a quick need for Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the quickest, surest cure for burns, wounds, bruises, boils, sores. It subdues inflammation. It kills pain. It soothes and heals. Drives off skin eruptions' ulcers or piles. Only 25c at J. H. Swan's.

## Glance Backward.

Fichte once said: "The day that opens for us another year is best used in beginning that year aright; but one wastes no time, in spite of this, by a backward look or two, not only to balance his own books, as it were, but also to take due note of what memorable men and women have accomplished in the years that were theirs. So shall he at once inform his mind and raise examples to his future effort." And the sentences might well stand text to what has here been written.

## Expensive Furs.

Actresses who wish to assert victorious power in their toilet have a mania for rich furs. The supply grows scarcer and the demand rapidly rises. The skin of the Andes rat now costs, first hand, 90 francs. It is this little animal that gives us the beautiful Chilli fur, now so prized for motor wraps, stoles, muffs and garnitures. A further rise is expected, the Bolivian government having forbidden the export of the pelts of the Andes rats. Furriers have fallen back on the skin of the opossum, which costs but eight francs.

## Consider the Convenience Comfort and Economy of Electric Service

It furnishes the most perfect, most healthful, most satisfactory of all illuminants. You may place Electric Lamps anywhere—light up corners that without it would have to remain in darkness. Electricity will do the washing and ironing, sweep the floors, operate a great variety of machines and appliances that worked by hand mean exhausting labor and do everything at a surprisingly low cost. A house equipped for the service is a pleasant place to live in for it modernizes the place.

By our method of wiring houses at cost, fixtures included, payable in 24 monthly installments, without interest,

## Electric Service in the Home is Brought Within the Reach of the Most Moderate Income

Let our representative explain our plan

We sell everything electrical  
at our display rooms at  
the lowest prices

**North Shore Electric Company**

JOINT SERVICE  
BELL TELEPHONE AND  
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH

Every Bell Telephone a Telegraph Station

Effective February 1, 1911

If you are a subscriber to the Bell Telephone System and wish to send a Telegram, a Night Letter or a Cablegram, use your Telephone.

Say "Telegram" to the operator and you will be connected with a Western Union office from which your message will be sent by telegraph and charged in your monthly account.

At night, on Sunday or Holidays, when the local telegraph office may be closed, you will be connected with an open Western Union office without additional charge.

Telegrams and Cablegrams may also be sent from our Public Pay Stations. The arrangements vary at different classes of stations, but as rapidly as possible we shall equip them with full directions.

—Chicago—  
**Telephone Company**

## THE MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE

118 Washington St., Waukegan.

Telephone 505

Carries the largest stock of men's and boys' ready to wear clothing, sweater coats, hats, caps, shoes, and in fact everything you need for men or boys. Our stock of work clothing such as overalls, shirts and pants is very large.

The Old Reliable  
ONE PRICE

Premium tickets are still given and  
all the old ones are still good.

**C. W. Tomquist**

Phone 469

M'g'r.

## January Clearance

We are starting our annual January Clearance and are offering all odd lots remnants and winter goods at 20 to 50 per cent discount from regular prices. A visit to our store will convince you it is time well spent and a big saving on your purchases. We offer a few extra specials.

## GROCERIES

21 lbs. Granulated sugar.....	1.00	8 pkgs Argo starch for.....	.25	Cake Bakers Chocolate for.....	.15
7 bars of Galvanic soap.....	.25	10 lbs Buckwheat Flour for.....	.30	7 Bars of Fairy Soap for.....	.25
10 lbs of rolled oats for.....	.25	Bottle of St. Croix Maple Syrup.....	.18	2 pkgs Johnson Washing Powder.....	.25
2 cans of Eagle Brand condensed milk.....	.25	3 pgs of Richlieu Raisins for.....	.25	3 Cans Peas for.....	.25
6 lbs of Navy beans for.....	.25	3 pkgs currants for.....	.25	12 Cans Sweet Corn for.....	.85

## DRY GOODS

All standard Prints yd.....	.05	\$1.75 Men's Underwear.....	1.40	\$1.25 Men's Underwear for.....	1.00
Outing Flannel yd.....	.04	\$1.50 Men's Underwear for.....	1.20	.75 Men's Underwear for.....	.60
All Flannelettes yd.....	.08	\$1.95 Men's Underwear for.....	1.08	.50 Men's Underwear for.....	.40

**F. D. BATTERSHALL**

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois



## LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the  
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Jan. 30—Butter firm at 25c. Output for the week, 625,200 lbs.

Dr. Warriner spent Tuesday in Waukegan.

J. R. Cribb is a Chicago visitor today (Thursday.)

Mrs. Chase Webb visited in Chicago Thursday of this week.

There is no question about the ground hog seeing his shadow this year.

Robert Kelly of Chicago was the guest of Antioch relatives over Sunday.

Don't miss hearing "The Potters" on Thursday evening, Feb. 9, at the M. E. church.

James Salat and his son, James, are spending the week with his sister in Chicago.

Mrs. M. H. Murphy of Evanston is the guest of Antioch relatives and friends this week.

For Sale—Five full blood Gernsey bulls call on or address J. Benedict, on the Gavin farm, Ingleside, Ill.

Wm. Williams took the train Tuesday for Chetek, Wis. He expects to put in a couple of week up there.

Ernest White of Montana who is visiting his parents here is spending this week with relatives at Millburn.

Mrs. Owen who been spending the winter with Mrs. Thos. Wilton, left on Wednesday to make her home in Lake Villa.

Mrs. Wm. Kelly was operated upon at a Chicago hospital Wednesday of this week. Her many friends hope for her speedy recovery.

J. H. Miller of McHenry erected a fine new monument in the Hillside cemetery, to the memory of the late Thos. Wilton, this week.

On Thursday evening, Feb. 9, "The Potters" will give an evening of song, music and story, which promises to be very entertaining and interesting.

There will be Lutheran services at the Christian church next Sunday afternoon held by Rev. Jehde of Wilmet, Sunday school at 2:00 o'clock p. m. Services at 2:00 p. m.

Mrs. C. W. Whitmore returned to her home at Ottumwa, Iowa, on Sunday after a short visit with her mother Mr. F. M. Simmons and other relatives at this place.

Indian Silos—Wm Stoffel, McHenry, Ill., agent for northern and western Lake County. Special discount for early orders. A postal card will bring us to your place. 13m4

Ninty dollar, Cement Silo—Write for particulars at once how to save \$60 on cement silos, or air tight frame silo (no staves) guaranteed work, enegral construction. Bank Reference. 420 Ferdinand Ave, Forest Park, Ill.

Charles Blunt, Mrs. H. J. Midden-dorf and Alfred Efinger have disposed of their interests in the Grass Lake Cement works to Henry Kolesra of Lake Villa, who together with N. S. Burnett will carry on the business in the future.

'The Lake County Farmers' Institute will hold a two days session in Antioch on Tuesday and Wednesday, February 14 and 15. The Ladies' Aid Society will furnish the meals. The school children will furnish a program Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Claude Brogan and Miss Minnie Lux entertained the Seven-Eleven club at the home of the former Monday evening. Cards were the feature of the evening and refreshments were served. A very enjoyable time was had.

See Alden, Binger & Co. for anything in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

The many friends of Mrs. McGhee will be pleased to hear that her brother, Mr. Jennings, is slowly recovering from a serious operation performed the 3rd of January at a Chicago hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Jennings made many friends on their visits here and we wish him a speedy recovery.

The Easter season will come comparatively late this year. March 1 will be Ash Wednesday and Easter Sunday will fall on April 16. Other interesting dates of the year 1911 include Memorial Day and the Fourth of July, both of which will fall on Tuesday this year. Labor Day will be on Sept. 4 and Christmas Day will be on Monday. There will be but two eclipses during the year 1911 and both of these will be of the sun. It is an unusual year in that there will be no eclipse of the moon whatever. The first eclipse of the sun, which will occur on April 28, will be visible throughout this section just before sunset. The second, an annual eclipse of the sun, will not be visible in America.

R. A. Shultis took in the automobile show at Chicago Tuesday.

Ralph James has been quite ill this week, threatened with pneumonia.

H. A. Radtke spent Wednesday in Chicago and attended the auto show while there.

Frank Benedict of Chicago was an over Sunday visitor with friends at Antioch.

The fourth number on the Entertainment Course will be given by "The Potters" in song and story at the M. E. church, Thursday evening, Feb. 9.

The Hickory cemetery society will give an oyster supper at the Hickory church on Wednesday, February 8. Supper served from four o'clock on. Everyone cordially invited to come and have a good time and help a good cause.

It is reported that a movement has started to have Al Hendee be a candidate next year for state senator from this district, the politicians having figured it out that Lake county can cop off the honor this time in place of McHenry county.

There will be an old fashioned dance at the Woodmen hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 8, given under the auspices of the M. W. A. band. All old fashioned dances will be on the program. Tickets 50 cents a couple. A good time guaranteed to all who attend.

Sunday Dr. O. B. Smith's auto met a rig driven by Joe Plonien of Grayslake, on the small bridge near the O'Farrell home at Gurnee. The horse shied and tipped the rig over, injuring Mr. Plonien's back and bruising a young woman and child with him. Dr. Smith brought Plonien to town but he was found to be hurt but little. Mr. Plonien's wife died recently from burns received in a gasoline stove explosion.—Waukegan Gazette.

## Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas It has pleased our Heavenly Father in His infinite wisdom to again break the ties of our order and remove from the sacred precincts of our camp, one of our charter members, Chas. E. Herman, therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of Olson Camp No. 459 R. N. A., extend to the bereaved family our most sincere sympathy in this their hour of sorrow and bereavement and be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of 30 days and a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of our Camp and also that a copy be sent to the bereaved family and to the local paper for publication.

Lottie Johnson,  
Mary Van Patten,  
Ida Osmond.

## Got Useful Information.

"There's no place like a pawnshop for picking up useful hints," said the provident man. "Every time I happen into one I glean some item of general information that almost reconciles me to the necessity for being there. On my last visit I saw another man redeeming ostrich feathers. Our uncle brought them out tightly sealed in a glass jar.

"What did you can them for?" the man asked.

"So they wouldn't spoil," said the pawnbroker. "A glass jar is the safest thing on earth to keep feathers in. Moths and dust cannot get at them, besides you can keep an eye on them easily and any trouble that might have been breeding when the feathers were brought in can be discovered and nipped in the bud."

"That hint I consider worth going to a pawnshop for. The way things look now nobody belonging to me will ever have any ostrich plumes to take care of, but if we ever do have any I shall know what to do with them."

## Dog's Faithfulness.

The story of a dog's fidelity was told when the coroner for North Westmoreland (Eng.) held an inquest on the body of William Wharton, a Westmoreland old age pensioner, who dropped down dead after recording his vote in the Parliamentary election. Wharton, who lived alone at Shap, walked to Morland to vote, and set off home again late at night. Next morning half a dozen woodmen found the body by the roadside in a gutter. The old man's dog was lying over the body and guarding it. The body had lain there all the night in stormy weather. Information was given to the police, but when an attempt was made to touch the body the dog became so ferocious that no one dared go near it, and before the dead man could be removed the officers had to send for the old man's neighbor, who knew the dog, and succeeded in coaxing it to quietness.

## Proper and Common Nouns.

"What is the difference," said the teacher, "between a proper noun and a common noun?" The answer was not devoid of logic, but rather unexpected. "A proper noun is a noun used properly, and a common noun is a noun used commonly."—Judge.

## AUCTION SALE

The undersigned will sell at Auction on his farm near Antioch, Ill. on

Wednesday, February 15, 1911, the following described horses:

Gus Voltz, 21059, b. s., foaled 1887, 3-year-old record 2:29 3-4, sired by Phyllas 2:13 3-4, dam Grace Murray s. t. b. by Geo. Wilkes 2:22, second dam Betty Brown by Mambrino Patchen, third dam by Mambrino Chief.

C. W. V., 46536 b. s., foaled 1904, sired by Edwin V. 2:25, dam Dolly Luck by Phyllas 2:13 3-4, dam Grace Murray, full sister to Gus Voltz.

Tilly Wilkes, b. m., foaled 1905, pacer, dam Dolly Luck.

Bay horse, foaled 1907, sired by Egost 5018, record 2:22 1-2, dam Dolly Luck.

Bay filly, foaled 1909, sired by Hazelwood 35618, dam Dolly Luck.

Bay colt, foaled 1910, sired by Emmet Gratton 2:26, dam Dolly Luck.

Bay mare, foaled 1894, sired by Lexington Wilkes, dam by Moody 2:18 3-4.

Sorrel horse, foaled 1905, sired by Gus Voltz, dam by Malcomb Wilkes.

Bay mare, foaled 1899, sired by Gus Voltz, dam by Malcomb Wilkes.

Bay horse, foaled 1899, 1200 lbs. br. h. 1200 lbs. b. m. 1500 lbs.

Gray mare, foaled 1897, full blooded Norman in foal.

Pair of Black Normans foaled 1907, weight 8000.

Rubber Neck, s. m., foaled 1894, sired by Imp. Hymar, dam Moccasin by McIntosh—Thoroughbred.

Myanan, s. m., foaled 1906, sired by Lazzrone, dam Rubber Neck—Thoroughbred.

## FARM MACHINERY

Plano binder with flax attachment, McCormick mower, new; Sure Drop corn planter with flax attachment, Buckeye seeder, new; McCormick corn binder, McCormick hay rake, hay loader, disk, set drags, stone boat, roller, hay tedder, 3 cultivators, X-Ray sulky plow, 2 walking plows, shovel plow, 2 hand cultivators, pair of trucks, wagon, milk wagon, 2 road wagons, rubber tire top buggy, 800 lb. scales, sod plow, pair bob sleighs, cutter, two-seated carriage nearly new, 5 sets of double harness, 4 sets single harness, road cart, breaking cart, lots of horse boots, horse clippers, hoes, three cross cut saws, shovels, forks, chest and tools, 20 tons timothy hay, 20 tons clover and alfalfa hay, three stacks good corn, two stacks husked corn fodder, 300 bushels oats, 100 bushels rye, 50 bushels barley, 20 bushels spring wheat, stack of straw, 10 bushels of seed corn, 500 bushels corn in crib, 15 shoats and 2 brood sows, 150 chickens, sulky and milk cans, household furniture and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Usual terms. Free lunch at noon.

G. A. VOLTZ, Proprietor.

GEO. VOGEL, Auctioneer.

## True Consistency.

A prominent Chicago Sunday school worker and club woman went into one of the Michigan avenue china studios to make some purchases. After examining different pieces on one table the customer turned to the artist and said: "I think I will take everything that is on the table. But what is this jar for? I never saw anything just like it before," pointing to one done in pearl lusters, about four inches high and having a fluted cover.

"That is a potpourri jar," answered the artist.

"Oh, is it?" she queried, then she turned to the artist and said in a decided manner, "I will take everything but that, and I have always made a point never to buy or have a thing to do with anything pertaining to poker."

## Some Korean Superstitions.

The wildest superstitions are rife among the natives of Korea, says a writer in the Wide World Magazine. Everything is ascribed to the good or evil influences of invisible spirits, whom they strive to propitiate by incessant and petty sacrifices. The serpent is revered as sacred and fed as a domestic pet. Marriage is a question of etiquette and is arranged by the parents. A live goose is given as a betrothal gift, as a symbol of fidelity and long life. Filial piety is cultivated to a remarkable degree, a son considering it his duty to follow his father to prison or exile. Sacrifices of pigs, sheep and goats are offered to the firmament, to which they pray for rain or fair weather and the removal of plague and misfortune.

## The Gordian Knot.

The famous Gordian knot was made of leather taken from some part of the harness belonging to the chariot of Gordius, king of Phrygia. It seems that this knot was so tied that the ends of the leather thong was not visible hence the difficulty in loosening it. Many must have tried to untie it, for its fame as a "sticker" at last reached the great Oracle, which declared that the lucky experimenter should be rewarded by the kingship of Persia. Alexander, trying his hand and meeting with no better success than the others, drew his sword and cut into the knot until he found the ends of it.

## Worked Both Ways.

Some sailors, whose appearance bespoke that they had swallowed their wages, passing their former commander in plain clothes, exclaimed, "No pulling off caps now, captain!" To which he replied, "Nor piping to dinner, either, Jack!"

## HAYTIAN CUTLERY SALUTE

Steward of Naval Vessel Put Knives and Forks in Gun and Hotel Was Punctured.

Discipline aboard men-of-war belonging to tropical countries is not as strict as that obtaining on the vessels of colder countries. Indeed, in some instances, it is very lax.

The Defense, a Haytian naval vessel, was lying in the harbor of Port-au-Prince. One day a mess cook, for some reason, cleaned about a peck of knives and forks on the gun deck, and, being suddenly called away, and not wishing to spend time to go to the galley, he seized the messpot full of knives and forks and stuck it in the muzzle of the ten-inch gun, putting the lamp in after it. About an hour afterward the admiral came aboard, and, as the gun was loaded with blank cartridge, they used it to fire a salute.

It happened that the gun was aimed toward the town, and almost point blank at the Grand Hotel. The guests assembled on the porch to witness the ceremonies, when they were saluted with a rain of knives and forks, which stuck against the wooden walls like quills on a porcupine. Fortunately no one was hurt, although there were many narrow escapes.

## American Robins in England.

An attempt has been made to introduce the American robin into Surrey, with apparent success. Six pairs turned loose last June near Guilford have reared about 40 nestlings. The name of our robin was given by the Pilgrim Fathers to the largest and most numerous of the American thrushes (Turdus migratorius), because of its red breast, and friendly association with man.

The American robin is closely related to our blackbird, and has a sweet, melodious song. Its introduction to Surrey will be regarded by market gardeners with much misgiving, for though his food consists chiefly of worms or insects, he works sad havoc among the cherries.—Westminster Gazette.

## Mail Coach in River.

A peculiar accident happened recently in Spain when a mail coach on its way to Malaga with the mails and 14 passengers fell into a river and was borne away by the current. After many efforts a body of carabineers managed to rescue the passengers, but the 12 horses were drowned.

## The Siamese Cat.

Siamese cats, with their curious markings and loud, discordant voices, are favorite pets.

In many respects these animals of Siamese breed are unique among felines. They follow their owners like dogs; they are exceedingly affectionate and insist upon attention, and they mew loudly and constantly, as if trying to talk. They have more vivacity and less dignity than usually falls to the lot of cats.

In color they vary from pale fawn through shades of brown to chocolate. There are two varieties, the temple cats and the palace cats, the principal difference between the two being that the palace breed is darker in color.

## Determined on Suicide.

George Eccles, who was under sentence of three years' penal servitude and five years' detention at Winston Green Jail, Birmingham, England, hanged himself in his cell with a rope which he made from yarn secreted during the manufacture of mail bags.

## FIND OUT

Where they sell the Best Shoes then Buy There

Quality is the first fact to be considered. We buy the best and put the prices at the lowest possible margin, BUT we have absolutely ONE price, the same for everybody.

## ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE

GOOD SHOES

See my line of 1910 Wall Paper Samples and get my prices before letting contract

## NICK WEINDEL

Painter and Paper Hanger

All Work done in First Class Planner

ANTIOCH, ILL.



Blooded Stock for sale at prices and on terms to suit all

Inspection is invited of a quantity of pedigreed breeding stock which is in excess of the requirements of Hawthorn Farm. The stock registered and consists of Brown Swiss bull calves, Brown Swiss yearling bulls, Shorthorn yearling bulls and Berkshire and Duroc b

## Hawthorn Farm

(ANDREW EFINGER, Supt.)

Libertyville, Illinois

Telephone Libertyville 2733

Post Office: R. F. D. No. 1, Prairie View, Ill.

J. C. JAMES, JR.  
UNDERTAKER  
LICENSED EMBALMER  
Licensed by the State Board of Health

## BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,  
AND DO A GENERAL  
BANKING BUSINESS.

## M. A. HULETT

VETERINARY SURGEON  
ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

## J. C. JAMES JR.

Jurist of the Peace and Notary Public

## REAL ESTATE

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several  
Good Companies

Accidental and Life Insurance, Reasonable  
Rates and Good Companies

## J. C. JAMES, JR.

Antioch, Illinois

## W. J. WHITE

Funeral Director

Lady Assistant - Licensed Embalmer.  
Calls Answered Day or Night  
Phone 313 Antioch, Ill.

## T. N. DONNELLY &amp; Co.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.  
Between Washington and Madison

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY  
at less than cost At half the price you pay the  
regular stores Dec 19 01 y1

## E. V. ORVIS

Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts  
Firm property for sale. Damage suits and  
collections of wages a specialty. Fire and  
Life Insurance.

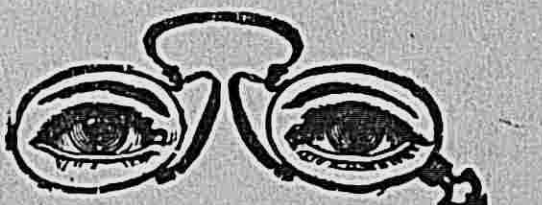
201 Washington St.  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A.  
meets at 7:30 the first and third  
Monday evening of every month  
in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois  
Visiting Neighbors always welcome  
L. M. HUGHES, V. C.  
J. C. JAMES, Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827. A. F. & A. M., hold  
Regular communications the First and Third  
Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting  
Brethren always welcome.  
W. F. ZIEGLER, W. M.  
FRANK HUBER, Sec'y.

The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth  
Thursdays of each month.  
MABEL GRIMM, W. M.  
IDA OSMOND, Sec'y.

## SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



## C. F. INGALLS &amp; BRO.

Jewelers and Opticians,  
112 Genesee St, Waukegan, Ill

THE PAIN IS THERE  
SPECIFY YOUR REMEDY

ANY MONEY PILLS

INDUSTRIES

developing a great in-  
to undertake the sale of  
Bank references. Write  
Rocker Building, San Francisco







# SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY

All Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Stikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed



for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."

—Mrs. DEMA BETTUNE, Stikeston, Mo.

The most democratic thing in the world

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
Grooming and beautifying the hair. Promotes its luxuriant growth. Never fails to Restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp disease, dandruff, itching, etc., and \$1.00 at Druggists.

To Arrange Flowers.  
Here are five golden rules which should be observed by those who often arrange flowers. Use plenty of foliage. Put your flowers in very lightly. Use artistic glasses. Do not put more than two, or, at the most, three different kinds of flowers in one decoration. Arrange your colors to form a bold contrast or, better still, a soft harmony. The aim of the decorator should be to show off the flowers—not the vases that contain them; therefore the simpler ones are far preferable to even the most elaborate. Glasses for a dinner table should be either white, a delicate shade of green, or rose color, according to the flowers arranged in them.

Crutches or Biers.  
Richard Croker, at a dinner in New York, expressed a distrust for aeroplanes.  
"There's nothing underneath them," he said. "If the least thing goes wrong, down they drop."  
"I said to a Londoner the other day:  
"How is your son getting on since he bought a flying machine?"  
"On crutches, like the rest of them," the Londoner replied."

That Essential Struggle.  
There are men who go through life without ever getting what one would call a throw-down or set-back—they never get to know what it means to face rough or tough weather. They seem to miss the one great essential thing in every success—the struggle; days when everything looks as though one is about done for and ready to cave in.

EASY CHANGE  
When Coffee is Doing Harm.

A lady writes from the land of cotton of the results of a four years' use of the food beverage—hot Postum.  
"Ever since I can remember we had used coffee three times a day. It had a more or less injurious effect upon us all, and I myself suffered almost death from indigestion and nervousness caused by it.  
"I know it was that, because when I would leave it off for a few days I would feel better. But it was hard to give it up, even though I realized how harmful it was to me.  
"At last I found a perfectly easy way to make the change. Four years ago I abandoned the coffee habit and began to drink Postum, and I also influenced the rest of the family to do the same. Even the children are allowed to drink it freely as they do water. And it has done us all great good.  
"I no longer suffer from indigestion, and my nerves are in admirable tone since I began to use Postum. We never use the old coffee any more.  
"We appreciate Postum as a delightful and healthful beverage, which not only invigorates but supplies the best of nourishment as well." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.  
Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."  
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

## FLIER MISSES GOAL

M'CURDY, ON KEY WEST-HAVANA TRIP SINKS IN WAVES WITH SUCCOR NEAR.

OVERSEA RECORD IS BROKEN

Distance Covered Over Water 80 Miles—War Craft Takes Airman Aboard When Lubricating Oil Gives Out.

Havana, Cuba.—Within ten miles of the Cuban coast and only a short distance farther from his goal and an \$8,000 cash prize, the Camp Columbia aviator, J. A. D. McCurdy, the Canadian aviator, ran out of lubricating oil and was Monday compelled to abandon a magnificent flight from Key West, Fla.

When he saw that he could not reach this port McCurdy alighted safely on the waters and the pontoons with which it was equipped floated the aeroplane until the destroyer Paulding, splashing along in its wake, had overtaken the aerial craft. McCurdy and his biplane were taken on board, neither the worse for the mishap.

At first it was believed that the aviator could make a new start from the deck of the destroyer, but this proved impractical and after considerable delay the Paulding brought the whole outfit into the harbor.

McCurdy had covered approximately 80 miles of the distance of 112 to Havana when he was obliged to descend and, though he failed to meet the requirements of the competition, he accomplished a feat unprecedented in cross seas flying.

Compared with the 18-mile flights across the English channel, his performance stands out as far more remarkable. But for a slip in taking supplies it is not to be doubted that the trip would have been successful. Great disappointment is felt by thousands here who gathered to catch a glimpse of the bird man.

The money offered for the aerial voyage included \$5,000 tendered by the Havana Post and \$3,000 appropriated by the Havana city council.

McCurdy made his start from Key West at 7:32 o'clock under the most favorable conditions after a week of nerve-trying wait.

It is estimated that fully 10,000 people saw the start. McCurdy first circled over the harbor at an elevation of 500 feet. He made a second circle at an elevation of over 1,000 feet, and then the flag dropped and the aviator crossed the line over the wireless station, going at the rate of nearly sixty miles an hour. In ten minutes he was out of sight over Sand Key, ten miles away.

BIG TIDAL WAVE KILLS 300

Sweep of Water With Mount Taal Eruption Destroys Five Philippine Villages.

Manila.—An American school teacher who has traversed the west shore of Lake Taal telegraphed Monday that five villages have been destroyed by a tidal wave and that not less than 400 persons have been killed in that vicinity. Many were burned in fires started by molten masses.

The disaster is due to an eruption of the volcano Taal, in Batangas province.

All the towns within a radius of fully 20 miles have suffered damage from the rain of mud and stones, which still continues.

The native population in all directions are abandoning their villages and fleeing to the hills in terror.

The observatory authorities believe that Manila is in no danger, but there is some alarm among the natives, who recall the destruction caused by Mount Mayon, the other volcano of Luzon, in 1897.

TARIFF BOARD WINS IN HOUSE

Unamended President's Bill Passes, 186 to 93.—New Body Supersedes Sundry Civil Commission.

Washington.—The house passed the tariff board bill, unamended, at a night session Monday by a vote of 186 to 93. It was evident early the bill would pass, but the final vote was delayed by Democratic efforts to amend the measure.

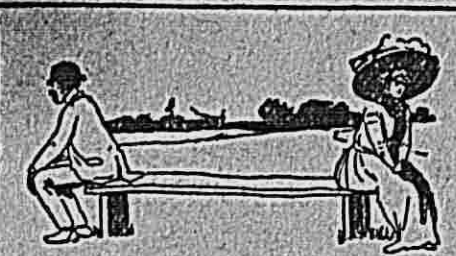
The bill creates a board in lieu of the present board, which is a creature of a provision of the sundry civil appropriation bill and which will expire by its own limitation June 30. The board is to consist of five members, not more than three of whom shall be of the same political party. The term of office shall be six years each, to be designated by the president. He will also name one of the members as chairman. The salaries are \$7,500 annually for the chairman and \$7,000 each for the other members.

Ninety Democrats voted against the bill, although Champ Clark voted for it.

Big Drop in National Bank Deposits.  
Washington.—The combined national banks, in response to the call for condition on January 7, show a loss in loans and discounts of \$48,002,034, a gain in cash of \$20,196,699 and a loss in individual deposits of \$191,506,488.

Lauds Porto Rico Troops.  
New York.—Maj. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U. S. A., who returned on the steamer Commo from a trip to Porto Rico Monday, had only praise for the Porto Rican soldiery.

DURING A TIFF.



Wife—It seems to me we've been married a century. I can't even remember when or where we first met.  
Husband—Can't you? Well, I can. It was at a dinner party where there were 13 at the table.

ECZEMA GONE, BOILS CURED

"My son was about three weeks old when I noticed a breaking-out on his cheeks, from which a watery substance oozed. A short time after, his arms, shoulders and breast broke out also, and in a few days became a solid scab. I became alarmed, and called our family physician, who at once pronounced the disease eczema. The little fellow was under his treatment for about three months. By the end of that time, he seemed no better. I became discouraged, and as I had read the advertisements of Cuticura Remedies and testimonials of a great many people who had used them with wonderful success, I dropped the doctor's treatment, and commenced the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and in a few days noticed a marked change. The eruption on his cheeks was almost healed, and his shoulders, arms and breast were decidedly better. When he was about seven months old all trace of the eczema was gone.

"During his teething period, his head and face were broken out in boils which I cured with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Surely he must have been a great sufferer. During the time of teething and from the time I dropped the doctor's treatment, I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, nothing else, and when two years old he was the picture of health. His complexion was soft and beautiful, and his head a mass of silky curls. I had been afraid that he would never be well, and I feel that I owe a great deal to the Cuticura Remedies." (Signed) Mrs. Mary W. Ramsey, 224 E. Jackson St., Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 24, 1910.

Where Every Ear Is Stretched.  
Knicker—They say listening is a lost art.  
Bocker—Ever live in a flat with a dumb waiter?

\$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you \$3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-250 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power. It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

A Robber.  
"Were you ever confronted by a robber?"  
"Sure."  
"And did you play the part of a hero?"  
"No, indeed; you can't throttle a gas meter."

If you fear to soil your hands in helplessness you may be sure you are defiling your heart.

WHY suffer with eye troubles, quick relief by using PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

So much we miss if love is weak, so much we gain if love is strong.—Helen Hunt Jackson.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."  
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of Dr. W. D. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

There are many kinds of pleasures, and some of them aren't so pleasant.

Lewis' Single Binder, extra quality tobacco, costs more than other 5c cigars.

Many mistake soft words for tender, loving ways.

THE USUAL RESULT.



So Stockbug has been on the street, has he? What is he speculating on?

"Just at present, I believe, he is speculating on how much longer he will be on the street."

Diphtheria, Quinsy and Tonsillitis begin with sore throat. How much better to cure a sore throat in a day or two than to be in bed for weeks with Diphtheria. Just keep Hamlin's Wizard Oil in the house.

It is better to lose in loving than to gain by self seeking.

Lewis' Single Binder, straight 5c—many smokers prefer them to 10c cigars.

There is no moral health without human helpfulness.

CIDER and LAUNDRY Bluing made. 25c a gallon. Send 50c. Box 872 Okmulgee, Okla.

The duty and today are ours.—Addison.

## A Poor Weak Woman

As she is termed, will endure bravely and patiently agonies which a strong man would give way under. The fact is women are more patient than they ought to be under such troubles.

Every woman ought to know that she may obtain the most experienced medical advice free of charge and in absolute confidence and privacy by writing to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for many years and has had a wider practical experience in the treatment of women's diseases than any other physician in this country. His medicines are world-famous for their astonishing efficacy.

The most perfect remedy ever devised for weak and delicate women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG.

SICK WOMEN WELL.  
The many and varied symptoms of woman's peculiar ailments are fully set forth in Plain English in the People's Medical Adviser (1008 pages), a newly revised and up-to-date Edition, cloth-bound, will be sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of wrapping and mailing only. Address as above.

## Knees Became Stiff

Five Years of Severe Rheumatism

The cure of Henry J. Goldstein, 14 Barton Street, Boston, Mass., is another victory by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine has succeeded in many cases where others have utterly failed. Mr. Goldstein says: "I suffered from rheumatism five years, it kept me from business and caused excruciating pain. My knees would become as stiff as steel. I tried many medicines without relief, then took Hood's Sarsaparilla, soon felt much better, and now consider myself entirely cured. I recommend Hood's."

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

## A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.

Miss Bates and Miss Wilton, Riverside Avenue, near 151st St., West, N. Y.

## OLD SOLDIERS

and Ex-Spanish War Soldiers or their widows, you are entitled to 160 acres of Government land in Colorado or other Western States for your services in the war. Filings can be made by Power of Attorney. Write today.

A. W. GIFFIN, Land Locator, Wichita, Kansas

PENNANTS of any College, Club, University, or Fraternal Order. Also 12x24 inches, price 50c each. 4 for \$1.20. Add 5c postage for each pennant. Send 2¢ stamp for catalogue. Dodge Novelty Co., Dept. W, Lawrence, L. I., N. Y.

You can \$\$\$\$\$\$ selling our Pure Food Flavors MAKE \$\$\$\$\$\$ and Products: household necessities. Saving 50¢ exclusive territory: free sample. Stuart & Co., Ursinus, 15 State St., Newark, N. J.

CHURCH OR LODGE MONEY.—We tell you how any church, Lodge or Society can make \$50 easily and quickly. Arthur V. Knapman Co., Detroit, Mich.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 5-1911.

## "Every Picture Tells a Story"



## BURDENS LIFTED FROM BAD BACKS

Weary is the back that bears the burden of kidney ills. There's no rest or peace for the man or woman who has a bad back. The distress begins in early morning. You feel lame and not refreshed. It's hard to get out of bed. It hurts to stoop to tie your shoes. All day the ache keeps up. Any sudden movement sends sharp twinges through the back. It is torture to stoop and straighten. At night the sufferer retires to toss and twist and groan. Backache is kidney ache—a throbbing, dull aching in the kidneys. Plasters or liniments won't do. You must get at the cause, inside.

## DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE SICK KIDNEYS

COMPLETELY PROSTRATED.

Mrs. Eliza Kirk, S. Main St., Spencer, Ind., says: "I had been prostrated with inflammatory rheumatism. My limbs were swollen, hands drawn out of shape and I was so sensitive to pain I had to be turned in sheets. It was surprising how quickly Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me and how soon I was cured. For three years my cure has been permanent."

## How To Tell When The Kidneys Are Disordered--

**Painful Symptoms:** Backache, sideache, pains when stooping or lifting, sudden sharp twinges, rheumatic pains, neuralgia, painful, scanty or too frequent urination, dizzy spells, dropsy.

**Urinary Symptoms:** Discolored or cloudy urine. Urine that contains sediment. Urine that stains the linen. Painful passages. Blood or shreds in the urine. Let a bottle of the morning urine stand for 24 hours. If it shows a cloudy or fleecy settling, or a layer of fine grains, like brick dust, the kidneys are probably disordered.

WEIGHED ONLY 80 POUNDS.

Byron Bennette, 1018 St. Clair Ave., East Liverpool, O., says: "I was helpless in bed with kidney trouble. I ran down until I weighed but 80 pounds and everyone thought I had consumption. A specialist gave me up and so did my home physician. Surprising as it may seem, I was able to leave my bed after using six boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and for six years I have remained free from kidney trouble."

A TRIAL FREE Test Doan's Kidney Pills Yourself  
Cut out this coupon, mail it to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. A free trial package of Doan's Kidney Pills will be mailed you promptly. C.N.U.



# DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents. FOSTER-MILBURN Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors.

## PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without fading apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

CALIFORNIA INDUSTRIES  
Leading enterprising developing a great industry wants agents to undertake the sale of stock. Legitimate. Bank references. Write JOHN BAKER, JR., Crocker Building, San Francisco



## RURAL NEWS ITEMS

## MILLBURN

Wanton Slocum has pneumonia.

There are many sick in this vicinity with colds.

Miss Fern Miller left Tuesday to attend school in Chicago.

Mr. Oscar Neahouse transacted business in Chicago Saturday.

J. L. Denman and Leslie Bonner returned Saturday from Urbana.

Mrs. John Neahouse will soon leave for a visit with her daughter in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Holmes will soon leave for their new home east of Wadsworth.

Mrs. Edmund Gerry and children of Gary, Ind., are visiting relatives at her old home.

Mrs. Wm. Cremins has been very sick for sometime but at present writing is improving.

Mrs. Cora Anderson returned from Lake Forest to remain awhile with her sister, Mrs. W. B. Stewart.

Miss Mary Eichinger is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gerrity at Virgil, Ill., and will also visit relatives in Chicago.

The following ladies served a dinner Thursday, Feb. 2. Mrs. A. K. Bain, Mrs. C. E. Denman and Miss Vivian Bonner.

Doris Jamison had an operation performed on her ear last Friday by Dr. Foley of Waukegan. She is getting along nicely.

Mrs. A. W. Safford returned from Chicago Friday. Mrs. Geo. Safford will soon be able to return home from the hospital.

Last Thursday night in a heavy fog, while Dr. Jamison and Chas. Ames were driving near Millburn bridge, some one ran into them upsetting their buggy. Dr. Jamison was bruised some while Mr. Ames sustained a broken rib.

## HICKORY

Lagrippe and colds are the order of the day.

Mrs. H. Griffen has been quite ill for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Kaulf entertained her father and brother last week.

Mrs. George Edwards has been visiting in Chicago the past two weeks.

Mrs. H. Hollenbeck visited Thursday and Friday of last week with O. L. Hollenbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Bishop of Kenosha visited Sunday at the Tillotson home.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Webb received word on Saturday that a baby girl had arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Edwards in Chicago Saturday morning.

## Old English Inn.

The "Seven Stars" is an inn or public house in Manchester, England, which has held a license for 540 consecutive years. It served as the meeting place for the Guy Fawkes band of conspirators.

## BRISTOL

Misses Jessie Garland and Ida Stephens were Kenosha callers on Saturday.

Mr. Osborne of South Dakota recently visited with his uncle, E. S. Castle.

Miss Edith Murdock spent Sunday with her brother and family, Fred Murdock, in Kenosha.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Castle spent from Friday until Sunday night with Chicago relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Bishop of Kenosha were over Sunday visitors with their parents here.

H. B. Gaines has so far recovered from the attack of pneumonia as to be able to be about the house.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Vanderjagt of Cedar Grove, Wis., visited with old friends here the fore part of the week. Mr. Vanderjagt formerly owned the farm where Chas. Miller now resides.

Chas. Pohlman, who was taken suddenly ill one day last week, terminated in a case of appendicitis and on Sunday he submitted to an operation at his home, which was performed by Dr. F. E. Stevens and a doctor from Kenosha. Mr. Pohlman came through the operation fine and if nothing more sets in will soon be out.

## RUSSELL

F. L. Newall of Zion was a Russell caller Sunday.

Carris Bros. are having a new well made.

T. D. Newall attended the auto show on Tuesday.

Mr. Robert Patch visited over Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. Alcock was called to Kenosha on account of the illness of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Alcock.

Mr. Moray of Wyoming visited his daughter, Minnie Reeves, of this place, returning home last week.

Mr. Ricard Reynolds has moved his family to a village about 16 miles west of Chicago. They will be missed by their many friends.

The dance given by Kelly and McCann on Friday night was well attended. All had a very pleasant time. Another dance will be given February 10. All are invited to attend.

Mrs. Christ Nelson died at her home on the McCarron farm, just north of Russell, on Friday morning. Her illness had been a long and painful one. The many friends of the family extend their sympathy. The funeral was held on Monday.

Show Cattle Massaged.

British bull exhibitors have caught on to the old American trick of massaging and brushing and rubbing show cattle several times a day so as to bring them to the pink of perfection sought by buyers of beef. Grooms spend as much time on steers as they used to on show horses and it pays. New York Press.

Mean Suggestion.

Wives frequently talk of the glided cages in which they live, but we notice they look frequently at the cattle bone and bird seed with which their cages are provided before leaving them.—Boston Globe.

## Old Soldier Tortured.

"For years I suffered unspeakable torture from indigestion, constipation and liver trouble," wrote A. K. Smith, a war veteran at Erie, Pa., "but Dr. King's New Life Pills fixed me all right. They're simply great." Try them for any stomach, liver or kidney trouble. Only 25c at J. H. Swan's.

## Vegetarian Boots and Shoes.

An enterprising manufacturer has discovered a process whereby a passable imitation of leather may be manufactured from a vegetable product. The novelty owes its introduction to London vegetarians, who shuddered at the thought of the number of animals that were killed annually to keep humanity in boots. The imitation leather is being used for the manufacture of boots, shoes, Bible covers and a hundred other articles usually found in the art leather department.

## Saves Two Lives.

"Neither my sister nor myself might be living to-day, if it had not been for Dr. King's New Discovery," writes A. D. McDonald of Fayetteville, N. C. R. F. D. No. 8, "for we both had frightful coughs that no other remedy could help. We were told my sister had consumption. She was very weak and had night sweats but your wonderful medicine completely cured us both. It's the best I ever used or heard of." For sore lungs, asthma, colds, hemorrhage, lagrippe, hay fever, croup, whooping cough, all bronchial troubles, its supreme. Trail bottle free. Only 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan.

## Need for Two Collars.

Having bought a dog that he admired a Washington Heights man undertook to buy a dog collar. The dog had a neck nearly as big as his head and the dealer advised the man to buy two collars.

"What for?" said the man. "He's got only one neck, so I guess he can get along with only one collar, can't he?"

"Maybe so," said the dealer, so the man went away leading the dog by his new collar and chain.

In less than a week he brought the dog back.

"I'm afraid I can't keep him," he said. "He is too obstreperous. I can't keep him tied up. His neck is the biggest part of him and he is as strong as an ox, therefore it is a sin for him to slip his collar off."

"That is why I wanted you to take two collars," said the dealer. "Put both on and fasten the chain to the back collar and he can tug away all night without getting loose. He may commit suicide, but he won't get loose."

## Solves A Deep Mystery.

"I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," wrote C. B. Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the wonderful double benefit I got from Electric Bitters, in curing me of both a severe case of stomach trouble and of rheumatism, from which I had been an almost helpless sufferer for ten years. It suited my case as though made just for me." For dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice and to rid the system of kidney poisons that cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters has no equal. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c at J. H. Swan's.

## QUEENS BOROUGH TIN HORSES

How Nightmares, Hobbies and Ponies of Beer Were Put on the City's Pay Roll.

"What's all this talk I hear about tin horses in Queens borough?" "I'm surprised at your ignorance. Tin horses are a mere term used to designate equines which never existed, part of a graft game."

"Explain some more, please."

"Well, it was like this. If a fellow with a pull wanted some extra money he would have a couple of nightmares, report to the powers that be that he had a team, and they would be hired, at so much a day, for city work."

"Did all of the grafters have to have nightmares?"

"O, no; one of the gang had his wife's two clothes horses, drawing full pay."

"He was a genius."

"Yes, another man had a hobby about not wanting to work, his son had a hobby horse, and so he doubled them up and sent in bills for a team, at least, so I hear."

"That's interesting."

"Yes, rather. There was a rumor going around the other day that a man who owned a pair of ponies of beer also figured in the game."

"I suppose if one of the gang's wife and daughters owned pony skin coats they could have got on the pay roll too."

"Sure thing; it was a pony skin game, all the way through."

"And all that these fake horses ever drew was pay?"

"That's true, although they have set tongues a-wagging."—Brooklyn Times.

## WERE PROUD OF THEIR PAPA

But Artistic Development of Parent Really Was Due to His Poor Eyesight.

"We are proud of you, papa," said the man's three handsome daughters.

"Oh, you are?" said he beamingly. "And what have I done now?"

"You have acquired taste in art," said the handsomest of the trio. "I don't mind telling you now that there was a time when we despaired of your ever appreciating the classic. Thank goodness, you have improved under our tuition until you can pick out the really beautiful every time. Instead of admiring the razzle-dazzle, topsy-turvy designs in architecture and decorations that formerly pleased you, you now choose the simple and easy lines of pure art."

"Thank you, my dears," said the man. "I am glad you kept hammering away at me so persistently."

When his daughters had left the room the man took off his glasses and rubbed them thoughtfully.

"Well, what do you think of that?" he said. "I have become artistic, have I? And why? Because my eyesight is so poor. That is the only reason. Those fantastic, curlycue figures that used to please my taste no longer appeal to me, because they hurt my eyes. I am driven to classic lines in self-defense. Most people of my age are. I once heard an art dealer say that half the people who thought they had developed the artistic temperament with years had only ruined their eyes and needed glasses. I know now that he was talking sense. That is my case exactly. I like those outlandish patterns in carpets and wall paper and things as well as ever, but I wouldn't have the girls know it for anything."

## Sacrificed to Fashion.

What devastations of bird life are being wrought at the dictates of fashion are set forth in a vivid manner by an expert who has devoted years of study to the question. Among ornamental feathers assumed for show during the courting season the strangely beautiful tail of the lyre-bird of Australia is unequaled. A few years ago over four hundred lyre-birds were killed in one district to supply the London plumage market. It is not so long ago since some sordid vandals surrounded a patch of scrub in which some representatives of this fast-disappearing genus were known to be breeding, and setting fire to it shot down those avian marvels as they struggled through one pitiless ring of fire only to meet their death in another. The lyre-plumes having been cut off, the bodies were thrown aside to rot. The result of such ruthless butchery is seen in the fact that fifty-two tails only were catalogued for the past year's feather sales in London. The egret has been practically exterminated in North America and in China, and is now so scarce that the best selected plumes are fetching forty dollars an ounce.

## Campaign Against "Gun Toting."

The Atlanta Constitution's crusade against "gun toting" in Georgia is bearing fruit. Judge Brand, of the western Georgia judicial circuit, announces that he proposes to send pistol carriers to the chain gang, without the option of a fine. This pleased the Constitution mightily, as it probably will all lovers of law and order in Georgia. While Judge Brand was holding court at Hosmer, in Banks county, the Constitution says, a poll was taken "of opinion among those attending sessions regarding the striking out of the alternative of a fine. Practically every white man, and the larger percentage of the negroes testified their approbation and willingness to cooperate to the end that the law be given systematic enforcement. The retiring grand jury took the same stand."—New York Tribune.

## Noble and Brave.

Percy had matrimonial designs on a beautiful and rich heiress. If he could only give her a demonstration of his bravery he knew that he would have a little justification in proposing to her. At length a brilliant idea occurred to him. He was strolling with her along the waterside when he suddenly turned to his fair companion.

"I say—aw—Miss Teresa. Could you—aw—manage to fall in so that—aw—I could rescue you?"

The fair Miss Teresa looked surprised.

"But you can't swim, can you?" she said.

Percy was confused for a moment, then a happy inspiration came to him.

"I'm afraid I can't swim; but I always carry a police whistle, don't you know!"

## Are Americans Deteriorating?

Are Americans running down physically since so many of them have left the farms and the sea to gather in cities? We are moved to the inquiry because the secretary of war in his report for 1909 says that of 100,998 men examined for the regular army, 81,878 were rejected as lacking either mental, moral or physical qualifications. The physical lack was most in evidence; and, as the major percentage of the would-be recruits hailed from cities, where recruiting stations are handless, the result of their physical tests would seem to bear directly on the matter of environment.

## Kept Informed.

Green—I understand his wife has money?

Point—He understands it, also.—Brooklyn Life.

## SAID THE WRONG THING HOW HE GOT HIS MAN

THAT'S WHY THE DRUMMER LOST HIS BOOKED ORDERS.

Disputing Customers Ask Him for Decision—He Fears to Side With Either and Loses the Business of Both.

The drummer sat upon a baggage truck and waited. The train was late—not uncommonly late, for it was common for it to be behind time.

He had not known this, and had broken up an exciting game of dominoes at the hotel in order not to miss it. Also he had wanted to see Smith & Wilkerson again, to ask if they hadn't better change their mind about those goods, but the domino game and the time of arrival of the train prevented.

Therefore he sat and waited and smoked and fumed idly and wished he were a hod carrier rather than a drummer. Business had been bad all week, and in his pocket was a letter from the firm asking him why he hadn't done business.

As he sat two men appeared, two men he knew, having sold goods to both. They were arguing fiercely.

"I'll leave it to that feller on the truck," one said as they approached. Then he recognized him. So did the other.

"All right," said the other. "You ask him."

"Looky here, Ed," said the first. "Me'n Andrews here want to know whether or not Napoleon ever crossed the Alps. I say he never got across."

The drummer thought swiftly. Then the other chimed in.

"I say he did get across," he said. The drummer thought some more. If he sided with one the other might cancel his business relations.

"Well," he said. "Napoleon got right smack on top of the Alps."

"A-a-a-h!" jeered the business man; "he didn't get across then."

"Now, here," said the drummer, weakening, noting the other's face; "it ain't just that way. Napoleon would have got across—it depends on what you call across, you know." The two looked at each other.

"Am I wrong or right?" both asked in a breath. The drummer rose, for his train was coming in.

"You're both right and both wrong," he said. "I'll write you about it."

"You needn't," said one.

"Not to me," said the other.

"We asked you a plain question," said both. "Cancel that order."

Then the drummer went into the smoking car and threw himself into a dusty plush seat.

"Oh, th' divvie!" he said. "Who'd be a travelling man?"

## The Church, Six Days Silent.

They are gone and the gray sexton is just closing the portal. For six days more there will be no face of man in the pews and aisles, and galleries, nor a voice in the pulpit, nor music in the choir. Was it worth while to rear this massive edifice, to be a desert in the heart of the town, and populous only for a few hours of each seventh day? Oh, but the church is a symbol of religion. May its site, which was consecrated on the day the first tree was felled, be kept holy forever, a spot of solitude and peace, amid the trouble and vanity of our week-day world! There is a moral, and a religion, too, even in the silent walls. And may the steeple still point heavenward, and be decked with the hallowed sunshine of the Sabbath morn!—From Hawthorne's "Sunday at Home."

## Short Measure.

An old lady who had made a great deal of money by selling whisky was visited when on her death-bed by her minister, to whom she spoke, as is usual on such occasions, about her temporal as well as her spiritual affairs. As to her temporalities, they seemed to be in a very flourishing condition, for she was dying with a very large sum of money.

"And so, Molly," said the minister, "you tell me that you are worth so much money?"

"Indeed, minister," replied Molly, "I am."

"And you tell me, too," continued the minister, "that you made all that money by filling the whisky bottle?"

"Na, na, minister," said the dying woman. "I didn't tell you that. I made the malt of it by not quite filling the whisky bottle."

## Device Prevents Collisions.

Says the London Times: "A successful demonstration has been made at Sydney, Australia, of a device for preventing railway collisions. An engine automatically whistles, and if the engine driver falls an electric controller automatically applies the brakes. The invention undoubtedly prevents collisions between trains going either in the same or in opposite directions, and whether on single or on double lines. The inventor claims that the controller also deals with derailments at points or curves, and completely eliminates the human factor from accidents."

## Move to Stop Smuggling.

Canada has decided to use Collector Loeb's tactics and stop petty personal baggage smuggling, if it can. Following numerous objections by Dominion merchants against too free buying of goods in Buffalo, Canadian customs officers at the international bridge have been instructed to be especially vigilant.

## STRUGGLING CLERK SUCCEEDS IN SERVING LEGAL PAPERS.

Wins \$50 by Locating a Mysterious and Elusive Individual After the Regular Process Servers Had Failed.

Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer, one of the best known of New York's lawyers, tells this story:

"When I was a young clerk struggling along on an infinitesimal salary in a large law office in this city my firm found it necessary to have papers served upon a mysterious individual named Brown, who was supposed to live in Havana, N. Y. The regular process servers made repeated attempts to discover this Brown and were uniformly unsuccessful. The clerks were then tried, one after another, but all failed to unearth Brown."

"Finally my turn came, when the head of the firm called me in one day and told me that I should have \$50 for my very own if I could land Brown. The money was as big to me as Trinity church and I threw out my chest and registered a vow that I would find that Brown and attain that gorgeous wealth or perish in the attempt."

"So I went to Havana and all day I walked the streets in quest of Brown. I stopped in every shop and inquired for him; I sought the old timers and had them furnish up reminiscences for me; I buttonholed passersby and demanded if they knew Brown. By late afternoon the place was so weary of me and my eternal query about Brown that I was threatened with extermination every time I opened my mouth."

"Mightily discouraged, I sat down upon a horse block and saw my dreams of success glimmering down the vista of failure. Here, I thought, was my one chance to show what I could do, and I had bungled it. I was not very far from tears, I can tell you."

"Just then I noticed a queer old stage down the road which was about to start for one of the adjacent villages. It occurred to me that I might still prosecute my search there and I climbed aboard."

"A friendly little old fellow was the only other occupant of the vehicle. I put to him my weary inquiry about Brown and received the same reply. Then, noticing that I was looking very disheartened, he began to question me, and before I knew it I had told him the whole story."

"Hum," he said, when I had finished, "so you need this money pretty bad, eh?"

"Yes, sir," I said, "but I need to succeed more."

"Well," he replied, "I'll help you to both. You can serve on me—I'm Brown. But mind," he added, shaking his finger, "I could have gone on dodging till Doomsday if I'd a mind to."

## False Alms Instead of Real Ones.

I would submit to a severe discipline, and to go through many things cheerfully, for the good and happiness of the human race in the future. At the present time the labor of our predecessors in all countries of the earth is entirely wasted. The piling up of fortunes, the building of cities, the establishment of immense commerce, ends in a cipher. These objects are so outside my idea that I cannot understand them, and look upon the struggle in amazement. Not even the pressure of poverty can force upon me an understanding of, and sympathy with, these things. That the human being as the human being, nude—apart altogether from money, clothing, houses, properties—should enjoy greater health, strength, safety, beauty and happiness, I would gladly agree to a discipline like that of Sparta. The Spartan method did produce the finest of men, and Sparta was famous in antiquity for the most beautiful women.—Richard Jefferies.

## French Language in Belgium.

The language question in Belgium has been settled in favor of French so far as Brussels is concerned. The Belgian parliament decided some time ago that the choice between instruction in French or in Flemish in the public schools of the capital should be left to the pupils' parents. A canvass of three of the largest schools resulted in an overwhelming vote for the French language. Of the parents of pupils in the first school, 261 out of a total of 264 selected French; in the second, 339 out of 340 made the same choice, while in the case of the third school, situated in an overwhelmingly Flemish quarter, 456 parents out of 470 decided for the same language, the total being, therefore, French, 1,074; Flemish, 18.

## Trees a Good Investment.

Between 1863 and 1878 trees were planted on 19,500 acres of the mountain Vaux, in Provence, France. The mountain is stony and the land seemed of no value. The forests which have grown are now yielding \$10,000 a year, and it is figured that in five years the yearly yield of timber will be worth half as much more. The springs have reappeared in the country, the lands at the foot of the mountain have increased in value, and the villages have become prosperous.

## His Reason.

"Why did he marry his deceased wife's sister?"

"So as only to have one mother-in-law."

## Seasonable Bargains

A lot of ladies' sweater jackets that have sold for \$2.75 to close out this lot quickly they are now marked \$1.99.

Ladies' \$3.50 sweaters for.....	\$3.00	Men's 50c underwear.....	39c
" 3.00 " " " " " " " " " "	2.70	" 1.00 " " " " " " " " "	80c
Men's 1.00 " " " " " " " " " "	85c	Ladies' 1.00 " " " " " " " " "	85c
" 2.25 " " " " " " " " " "	1.99	" 1.35 " " " " " " " " "	1.10
" 3.00 " " " " " " " " " "	2.50	" 1.00 union suits.....	85c
One lot men's \$ caps for.....	50c	" 1.35 " " " " " " " " "	1.10

Men's lined shoes marked down from 2.50 to 1.75

## Advance Sale on Men's Work Shoes

A heavy Gusseted Work Shoe, black or tan, worth 2.50, special at pair 2.00  
A heavy Gusseted black Work Shoe, 9 inches high, worth 3.50, at pair 2.70

## Grocery Prices Worthy of Mention

Mankato Flour 1.45 per sack, 5.75 per barrel	
Pillsbury Flour 1.55 per sack, 6.00 per barrel	
Ardee Flour 1.60 per sack, 6.25 per barrel	
5 lbs. good rice for.....	27c
1 lb. salted peanuts for.....	10c
100 lbs. oyster shells for.....	70
2 lbs fancy prunes.....	25c
8 lbs. A. 1 oatmeal for.....	25c
10 lbs buckwheat flour for.....	35c

Henry Kuebker  
Grayslake, Ill.